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American and European Plans,
The First-Class Hotel of
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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 40.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY JUNE 10, 1905.

NO. 186.

"What Time Is It?"

Your Parlor
Clock Says 11.15
The Dining Room
Clock 11.22
The Kitchen
Clock 11.07
and Likely
The Upstairs
Clock says 11.30

Why Not Be Sure?

Why not have them put right? We can put them right for you, because we are watch and clock repairers.

You simply phone us (No. 675), and we will attend to them for you. This department of our business stands at the top notch of perfection. Our careful, painstaking, expert watchmakers, with their up-to-date tools, turn out most satisfactory work.

Challoner & Mitchell



The Hudson's Bay Co., Distributing Agents

SATURDAY'S BARGAIN

Armour's Deviled Ham
Large Tin

10 cents a Tin

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Progressive Grocers

SALE

ALL PRICES REDUCED

Must clear out stock at 78 Fort before removing to new building on Broad Street, connecting with 40 Fort, next to 5 Sisters' Block.

The MELROSE CO., Ltd.

Excelsior Henfood for Poultry

The up-to-date blended grain, \$1.75 per 100, furnishes the chemicals necessary to produce an egg. Try a sack and double your egg supply.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St. Tel. 413.

FOR THE AMBASSADOR.

Proposal to Provide Permanent Home for United States Representatives in London.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 10.—One of the results of the complimentary dinners given by the Pilgrims Club to Joseph Choate, former ambassador to Great Britain, is the inauguration of a movement to establish a permanent home of the representative of America at the court of St. James. Charles A. Moore has announced that he will give \$5,000 for such a purpose, and Bishop Potter, president of the society, has appointed Mr. Moore chairman of a committee to take the matter in hand. His committee will confer as soon as possible with the state department and do everything possible to arouse public interest.

BOUNDARY ORE OUTPUT.

(Special to the Times.)

Phoenix, June 10.—Shipments from the Boundary mines for the last seven days were as follows: Granby mines to Granby smelter, 11,027 tons; Mother Lode, to B. C. Copper smelter, 3,510 tons; Mountain Rose, to B. C. Copper smelter, 132 tons; Oro Duro, to Granby smelter, 138 tons; Emma, to Nelson smelter, 132 tons. Total for the week, 14,943 tons; total for the year to date, 410,292 tons.

This week the Boundary smelters treated as follows: Granby smelter, 11,195 tons; B. C. Copper smelter, 4,040 tons; total for the week, 15,235 tons; total for the year to date, 420,274 tons.

Picture postcards are subjected to a stern censorship in some continental countries. In Russia those bearing the portrait of Tolstol have been suppressed.

PEACE CONFERENCE IS NOW ASSURED

Russia and Japan Have Decided to Appoint Representatives Who Will Discuss Terms.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 10.—The Associated Press has definite knowledge that both the Russian and Japanese governments have accepted President Roosevelt's suggestion, and that a meeting of representatives of the two contending powers is assured.

JAPAN AGREES TO APPOINT REPRESENTATIVE.

Tokio, June 10.—6 p. m.—Japan has agreed to President Roosevelt's suggestion to appoint plenipotentiaries to meet Russian plenipotentiaries.

WHY JAPAN DECLINED TO START NEGOTIATIONS.

London, June 10.—The keenest interest is manifested in President Roosevelt's note endeavoring to bring Japan and Russia to an understanding. While the of whose actions in the matter it has been comprehensively informed.

British government is not taking any part in the negotiations it is giving the most cordial support to the President. Diplomatic and official circles are fully in accord with what they consider to be the only way in which the difficulty could be overcome. The United States, not being entangled in any way, was really the only country which could take action but even President Roosevelt could not do more than endeavor to start direct negotiations between the belligerents.

Japan it can be stated refused to start the negotiations until fully assured of the earnestness of Russia and that her proposals would be seriously considered. Her demands will include an indemnity the amount of which has been fixed by the Japanese government, and on this point the President is urging lenient treatment. It is considered here that Japan is entitled to an indemnity, which would be forgotten sooner than the loss of territory, and would leave no feeling for revenge.

Financial circles in London are of the opinion that the Japanese will demand an indemnity amounting to about \$1,000,000,000, that being their estimate of the cost to the Japanese of the sixteen months' fighting.

This is considered in some quarters to be too large an estimate of the expenditure, which is thought to be nearer \$500,000,000.

RUSSIANS ARE OPPOSED TO GIVING INDEMNITY.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—12.35 p. m.—The Radical press, which opposes the government no matter which way it turns, is promptly seeking to take advantage of the new situation created by the possibility of peace. Although for months it has been preaching peace and the abandonment of the whole Manchurian venture at any cost, it has already veered around and pretends to be horrified at the fact that Russia can contemplate the possibility of surrendering her position on the Pacific and purchasing peace at the price of an indemnity after the sacrifice of millions of the people's money and thousands of the people's lives, and declares that only the people shall decide whether the country shall submit to this humiliation.

These tactics will produce all the more effect since so far as the indemnity goes the Radical press undoubtedly reflects the views of the masses of the Russian people as well as those prevalent in official circles.

The status of Vladivostok and the question of an indemnity are sure to be the main obstacles to an agreement once the belligerents are brought together, but the crisis, for which the solid elements of the opposition are waging war against the government and trying to precipitate, constitutes the chief danger.

Solemn words of warning such as these uttered by the Moscow Zemstovists and the mayors of the principal cities who joined with them in the all-Russian Zemstvo congress cannot be lightly thrust aside although the government is getting accustomed to hard words.

The organization known as the League of Professional Leagues yesterday at Moscow threatened to translate their words into action unless the government yielded and resolved not to testify at political trials and to provide for each other's families in case any of the members suffered arrest or exile.

Months ago M. Witte, president of the committee of ministers, said to the correspondent of the Associated Press: "There will be no internal crisis now or while the war lasts. The crisis will come when the war ends." His words now seem like a prophecy about to be fulfilled.

GERMANY EXPECTS EARLY PEACE.

Berlin, June 10.—2.10 p. m.—The text of President Roosevelt's message on the subject of peace to the governments of Russia and Japan is regarded at the foreign office here as admirable spirit,

and positive hope now exists of comparatively early peace.

The conviction here is that Russia is now ready for peace and seeks peace, and that the only difficulties now insurmountable by negotiations which might arise lie in the Japanese government's intentions and terms.

LINEVITCH BUSY STRENGTHENING DEFENCES.

Tokio, June 10.—Gen. Linevitch is reported to be with his headquarters at Fenghuang busily engaged in the personal inspection and direction of his troops for

NEW JUDGES HAVE BEEN APPOINTED

FOR COUNTY COURTS IN VICTORIA AND ATLIN

P. S. Lampman and F. McB. Young Selected—Dominion Revenue For Ten Months.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 10.—Peter S. Lampman was today appointed County court judge for Victoria, and F. McB. Young, of Nanaimo, County court judge for Atlin. Both will also act as local judges of the Supreme court.

Revenue Returns.

The revenue of the Dominion for ten months to the end of May totals \$63,324,029, an increase of \$606,212 over last year. The ordinary expenditure was \$46,855,231; increase, \$5,233,072. The

MAY BRIDGE THE SEYMOUR NARROWS

C. P. R. IS SAID TO CONTEMPLATE SCHEME

A New Route to Connect with Victoria Reported to be Receiving Attention.

In connection with the purchase of the E. & N. by the C. P. R. there is a rumor that the latter, in addition to the local trade which it is intended to develop, has in view the utilization of the line and its extension to the northern part of the island as part of a through route from the Northwest coast to the East.

The report comes from the East that for some time the C. P. R. has had in contemplation the building of a better freight carrying road in order to keep pace with the other companies which have found it wise to adopt routes with the very lowest grades. The C. P. R.'s present line through

gation. It is known that in railway circles the keenest rivalry exists among the big corporations with respect to the acquisition of advantage in the way of Pacific Coast terminal. The C. P. R. is not willing to be put at any disadvantage by the Grand Trunk Pacific, or the Canada Northern. On the contrary, it is determined to have terminal advantages equal to or better than any of its rivals.

Other companies look with suspicion upon the C. P. R.'s reported intention of bridging the Narrows and reaching Vancouver Island with the advantages which will attend such a move.

TO RETURN HOME.

British Battleships Will Be Recalled From China and Stationed in European Waters.

London, June 10.—The decision of the government, which has been announced in telegrams from Hongkong, to send home the battleships from China, the British China squadron henceforth to consist wholly of cruisers, is interpreted as the outcome of the destruction of the Russian fleet and causes much satisfaction, as it will permit Great Britain to follow the example of Germany and concentrate her naval strength to a greater extent in home waters.

This change gives the admiralty seven additional battleships for European waters. The governor of Hongkong, according to dispatches received, has announced



SCENE AT WHITE HORSE AFTER THE RECENT FIRE.

the purpose of strengthening his line of defence along the Changchun line, evidently expecting a Japanese onset.

The Russian methods of making reconnaissance in force are said to have been remarkably improved. They have ceased to be disorderly, but owing to the Russian overfaithfulness to the text book orders, they are placed at a disadvantage, their movements being anticipated by the Japanese, who prevent them from realizing results commensurate with the amount of sacrifices.

ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE TO RUSSIAN EMPEROR.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—3.16.—The text of President Roosevelt's personal appeal to the sovereigns of the warring countries to arrange a meeting of their plenipotentiaries for the purpose of agreeing on terms of peace, which arrived here this morning, rent the veil and for the sceptics at St. Petersburg who refused to believe President Roosevelt's words to bring the belligerents together could succeed, it came like a bombshell.

President Roosevelt's "sole purpose to bring about a meeting" has been achieved, and now it is only a question whether the results will be the peace "for which the whole civilized world will pray."

The formal replies of Russia and Japan are expected to be transmitted through Count Cassini and M. Takshira, but the situation is such at this hour as to leave no doubt of the acceptance of both, and that the question of the selection of plenipotentiaries and the place of meeting will follow.

President Roosevelt's urgent expression in favor of direct negotiations exclusively between the belligerents points straight to the battlefield in Manchuria as the scene of the negotiations, and the diplomats generally here entertain the view that Russia and Japan had best settle their quarrel there, beyond the range of possible outside influence.

To the policy of non-interference, practically all the powers are committed. Great Britain, it is felt here in diplomatic circles, will now complete the realization of what the President has begun by restraining her ally and inducing her to proffer moderate terms which Russia can accept.

The Grand Dukes of Russia number 19 and the Grand Duchesses 14, making 33 Grand Ducal personages. And they are oppressing 130,000,000 people.

capital expenditure was \$10,100,000; increase, \$204,416.

Opens Office.

Hon. Clifford Sifton has opened an office in the block opposite the Russell house, on Sparks street. The sign board at the entrance reads: "Clifford Sifton, the Canadian Assets & Brokerage Company, Limited."

CURS OF JOB PRINTERS.

Members of International Typographical Union Confident of Carrying Point.

Chicago, June 10.—Members of the International Typographical Union, whose convention in the interest of an eight-hour day for job printers is in session here, are hopeful of carrying their point, according to President James Lynch. It is desired that the new day shall go into effect January 1st, 1906. Twenty-seven delegates from twenty unions from seven states are at the convention.

YUKON'S NEW GOVERNOR.

W. W. B. McInnes Left Vancouver For Victoria 10-Day.

(Associated Press.)

Vancouver, June 10.—W. W. B. McInnes, the newly-appointed commissioner of the Yukon, arrived here last evening from the East, and left for Victoria today. He is undecided as to the exact date of his departure for the North, and absolutely refused to discuss matters of policy, saying the alleged interviews at Winnipeg were fakes.

INHALED GAS.

(Associated Press.)

Portland, Ore., June 10.—The body of Miss Wavel Cumming, a young woman arrested in San Francisco last week for passing bogus checks on a Portland jewelry house, was found in a local lodging house yesterday. She had committed suicide by inhaling gas. The girl would not have been prosecuted for her crime, the matter having been compromised by her father making good the check. Her parents reside at Pendleton. She was a student at Stanford university, Oregon.

the mountains has some grades which have always been vexatious to the company, and upon which vast sums of money have been expended in improving conditions.

With increasing trade it is said that the company is desirous of getting an alternative route across British Columbia to be specially devoted to the carrying of freight. The company's engineers, according to the information received, have been instructed to find if possible a way of avoiding the present objectionable grades.

The original route by way of the Yellow Head Pass has been considered, and is said to be favorably received by certain officials. By adopting it a through line could be constructed to the Coast along the best of grades. It would tap the rich wheat producing country from Calgary to Edmonton.

Within the last few years the C. P. R. has given attention to the growing of winter wheat in that portion of the Territories. Last year 2,500 bushels for seed purposes were brought in from the United States and delivered to the farmers at the actual cost to the company. The market for the winter wheat flour is the Orient in large measure, and the Western States are the great competitors in this trade. There is no doubt whatever that the C. P. R. intends to make that trade one of the very best.

With its development the facilities for shipping to the Pacific seaboard will have to be improved to meet the competition which the United States lines offer. That is one of the reasons why the new route across British Columbia is sought.

Should it be definitely decided to select the alternative route north of the present one, the line will, it is understood, come out at Butte Inlet. From there to Vancouver Island a connecting line is capable of construction, the bridging of Seymour Narrows being no greater undertaking than the bridging of the St. Lawrence at Quebec in the opinion of engineers. With railway connection from that point to Victoria the C. P. R. would have a through road from the wheat fields to Victoria, where, with proper terminal facilities, the quick discharge of cargo for the Orient could be carried out.

Throughout its length the new line would open up a splendid country, giving better access to the rich Cariboo and the ranching and farming districts nearer the Coast. Vancouver Island's resources would also be developed, so that a local trade would supplement the through traffic which must necessarily be an ever increasing one. The line would not interfere with the present road, which would still have a lucrative local trade and afford an alternative route for through trains, thus relieving any con-

that his proclamation against the exportation of coal will not be enforced until further notice.

TWO MEN SHOT

During Riot at Minsk, Western Russia—How Trouble Originated.

(Associated Press.)

Minsk, Western Russia, June 10.—The report published in London newspapers that 100 persons were shot during the rioting here recently, is incorrect.

There was a street riot here Thursday on Cathedral square between soldiers and Jews. It was provoked, according to the official version, by the theft of a purse from a soldier off duty. His comrades beat a Jew, whereupon a crowd of about 600 of the latter's co-religionists gathered to rescue him. The Jews used stones and revolvers, and the troops were summoned. They fired into and dispersed the crowd, with the result that one Jew was killed and twenty wounded, and a soldier was shot. The chief of police sustained a wound on the head by a flying missile and one policeman was severely wounded.

SUGAR FACTORY.

Amalgamated Co. May Build Plant in Washington at a Cost of One Million Dollars.

(Associated Press.)

Seattle, June 10.—It is given out here that the Amalgamated Sugar Co., which owns a number of beet sugar factories in the West, has determined on the construction of a sugar making plant which will cost approximately \$1,000,000. The plant will be located in Snohomish district in Eastern Washington.

DEFENCES OF INDO-CHINA.

Governor-General Called to Paris to Confer With Authorities.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, June 10.—The minister of the colonies, M. Clement, has called to M. Roux, governor-general of Indo-China, to return for the purpose of conferring with the authorities here on the subject of the defence of war has completed a programme.



We Handle All Good Family Remedies

No matter what medicine, or drug, or sick room necessity, or toilet requisite, or drug store article of any kind you may desire, we invite you to come here and get it. You will receive courteous attention. You will find us exceedingly anxious to please you in every respect. We are proud of our drug store, and feel that it deserves all the trade which it receives. We invite you to come here to do all your drug store buying, and recommend us to your friends. Prescriptions and household recipes carefully and accurately compounded. Only pure drugs used.

CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE
COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

THROUGH GORGE SERVICE

On and after Thursday, June 15th, a direct service will be given to the Gorge. Cars leave Yates St. 6.10 and from the Gorge at 6.30 a. m., and every twenty minutes thereafter.

CHANGE in ESQUIMALT SERVICE

On and after Thursday, June 15th, a twenty minute service will be given on Esquimalt route. Cars will leave Yates St. at 6 a. m. and Esquimalt at 6.20 a. m. and every twenty minutes thereafter.

B. C. Electric Railway Co., Ltd.
35 Yates Street.

Saturday's Bargain

You Can Save Money Here!

COMOX CREAMERY BUTTER, pound... 25c.
NEW POTATOES, 10 pounds for... 25c.
PURE GOLD JELLY POWDERS, 3 for... 25c.
MIXED BISCUITS, 2 pounds for... 25c.
TRY THE OLD STORE.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.
Phone 28. Johnson Street.

FRANCE WILL GIVE ITS CO-OPERATION

IN THE EFFORTS BEING MADE TO END WAR

It is Believed That Negotiations are Now Proceeding at Tokio—Outlook Favorable

Washington, June 9.—The Czar has at last been heard from here, and the result is not unfavorable to peace. In his recent audience with Mr. Meyer, the American ambassador, the Czar indicated a willingness to take under advisement the subject of peace, and expressed appreciation of the friendly words of Mr. Meyer, speaking as the personal envoy of the President. The reception of Mr. Meyer was characterized by the greatest cordiality and friendliness, and the ambassador's cablegram to the President, giving a general account of the audience, is of a distinctly hopeful tone. Mr. Meyer did not bring to the St. Petersburg government an offer of mediation, but a friendly offer of goodwill, as was desired by Count Cassini, and which apparently was gratifying to the Czar. Further than this, it is impossible to record the character of the cablegram.

ANNOUNCEMENT MAY COME FROM WASHINGTON.

St. Petersburg, June 9.—G. B. M. Ambassador Meyer was in constant communication with Washington. He received a long official dispatch, and soon afterwards hurried to the foreign office, where he had an hour's conference with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff concerning the information transmitted to him.

Extreme reticence is manifested, but it is apparent that the great announcement for which the world is waiting will not be made from here or from Tokio, but from Washington. It is not likely to be delayed beyond Monday at the latest.

No hitch has occurred and the outlook continues favorable to peace.

The municipality of St. Petersburg has decided to give its adhesion to the address to Emperor Nicholas, adopted by the all-Russian congress at Moscow, and has appointed a number of its members to join the deputation from the

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Moscow congress which will present the address to the Emperor.

ANXIOUS THAT PEACE BE ARRANGED.

St. Petersburg, June 9.—M. Bonifant, first secretary of the French embassy, had a long conference with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff this afternoon, and M. Bonifant, the French ambassador, is hurrying back from Paris, France, instead of displaying jealousy at the initiative taken by President Roosevelt with a view to bringing Russia and Japan together for peace, has apparently warmly welcomed it and will give its co-operation.

The statements in the dispatches that the President's aim is to bring the warring powers together in direct negotiations have been confirmed. There has been an understanding on his part to apprise Russia of the Japanese terms, for it is believed to find a preliminary basis for negotiations. The main obstacle to the President's efforts has been removed with the Emperor's acquiescence in his initiative, and negotiations are probably now proceeding at Tokio.

When the question of naming peace plenipotentiaries is raised, the name of George de Staal, who preceded Count Bockendorff as Russian ambassador at London, and who was president of the peace conference at The Hague in 1890 at once occurs to every Russian. Notwithstanding the progress already made, acceptance is manifested in certain quarters as to the result of President Roosevelt's overtures. The public seems reluctant to believe that the Emperor could have assented to anything like a movement toward peace. Some cynics even try to create the impression that Russia is only seeking to ascertain Japan's terms, and then by flaunting the hard conditions imposed in the faces of the people when they meet, arousing the whole nation to resist them. Such talk, however, is more irresponsible chatter. The Emperor has cast the die, and will make peace if Japan's demands be such that Russia can accept them with dignity.

RUSSIAN CRUISERS HAVE BEEN DISARMED.

Washington, June 9.—Governor Wright has cabled Secretary Taft officially notifying him that the orders of the President regarding the Russian ships in Manila have been carried out.

JAPANESE SHIPS SAILING SOUTH.

Manila, June 9.—Two Japanese ships have just passed the entrance to Lingayen Gulf and are heading southward. (Lingayen Gulf is about 100 miles north of Manila on the west coast of Luzon.)

CRUISER WAS ALLOWED TO ESCAPE.

London, June 9.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that some of the Japanese torpedo destroyers which were chasing the Russian cruiser Izumrud, were ordered back, the Japanese allowing the cruiser to escape.

A correspondent at Tangier reports that Germany has signified her acceptance of the invitation to the proposed conference on the Moroccan situation. This is believed to mean that no negotiations for a mutual arrangement between Berlin and Paris is now possible.

Irelin Blood, aged 29, shot and instantly killed his mother, Mrs. Wesley Blood, at their home in the town of Florida, N. Y., Friday. The family had just finished dinner and the young man was handling a rifle, when it was accidentally discharged.

THE EQUITABLE.

Paul Morton Is Chairman of Board of Directors.

New York, June 9.—Paul Morton has accepted the chairmanship of the board of directors of the Equitable. Immediately following the acceptance of Mr. Morton, the resignations were tendered of President Alexander, First Vice-President Hyde, Second Vice-President Farwell, Third Vice-President Wilson and Fourth Vice-President McIntyre. The resignations were tendered to Mr. Morton, who accepted the position on condition that he should have a free hand both as to measures and men.

Mr. Hyde has agreed, it is said, to direct himself to his stock in the manner outlined by the state superintendent of insurance, namely: That the stockholders have a representation of 28 directors against 24 directors for the policyholders. Mr. Hyde has agreed to dispose of a majority of his stock in the Equitable to policyholders represented by T. F. Ryan.

EPIDEMIC OF SORE THROAT.

More cases of throat trouble are reported every day. But with Nerville on hand it is easy to cure quickly.

Mr. McKenzie, of St. George, writes: "I had a very sore throat, and my chest was full of cold and soreness. Every cough hurt me. I was cured quickly by rubbing my chest and throat vigorously with Nerville, which I also used as a gargle. For emergent sickness I consider Nerville the best remedy. For twenty years we have used it in our house." Under manufacturer's guarantee of satisfaction, all dealers sell Nerville's Nerville in large 25c. bottles.

THE DROWNING ACCIDENT.

L. G. Kilgour Lost His Life in Attempt to Save Arthur Fulk.

The Vancouver News-Advertiser, referring to the sad drowning accident in the Squamish river on Wednesday afternoon, which was briefly mentioned in Friday's Times, says:

"The victims are Arthur Fulk, the 17-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Owen Fulk, of this city, and a young man named L. G. Kilgour. Mr. Fulk is the foreman of the E. K. Wood Company, which has been logging on the Squamish. Further details of the accident show that at the time it occurred young Fulk was standing on a boom that was being made up in a slough off the river, when he slipped off the logs and fell into the water. Kilgour was on the bank and on seeing his friend fall in the water jumped in and struck bravely out towards him to save him if he could. That was the last seen of either, and it is thought that, possibly in their struggles to get back on the boom, both must have gone to the bottom. The foreman of the camp, who was standing on the top of a knoll about a hundred yards back, saw the young man disappear in the water, and hurried down the bank towards them. When he got to the boom both had disappeared. The water was not deep and he took a long pole and tried to bring the bodies to the surface. He had almost succeeded in bringing Fulk's body up when the pole slipped and he himself was thrown into the water. He got to shore again and summoned help. The water was only about ten feet deep, and not very cold, and it was not a difficult matter to bring the bodies up and place them ashore."

Another Red Cross scandal has developed, says a dispatch from Kazan, European Russia, through the discovery that a donation of 5,000 pounds of tobacco intended for distribution among the soldiers in the field is now on sale at Harbin.

Free to Men

Man Medicine Free

The Power-Proof of Perfect Potency in Every Man is Now Sent to! All Men Absolutely Free.

Come back to your youth again. Prove in your own discouraged body the potent power of the marvelous Man Medicine of the great Inventor—Remedy Company—at their own expense and not at yours.



The Man Medicine in complete test proof form is sent free in plain wrapper—not a dollar to pay—not a cent. It will give you back all the old-time vigor and go of being alive and young. New young power and the lift and life of youth—manhood, vigor, and manhood—back to you and the strength and vigor of youthful manhood.

Your flesh and blood will shout out the fact that you are right—right—right. You know what that means—every man knows—it means the full force and fire of vigorous manhood—back to you and the strength and vigor of youthful manhood.

Do you want to be that way? Do you want to be a man—man—like, man—right, and man—able? Do you want to be "game" again—up and coming?

Man Medicine will make you so. The proof is yours—the whole cost is ours. Your name and where to send it—all you have to do to get it. Get it. Try it. We will send it.

Our word is your guarantee. INTERSTATE REMEDY COMPANY, 228 Luck Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

WITHOUT A KING.

Norway Unable to Induce Prince to Accept Throne.

Copenhagen, June 9.—All hope that King Oscar or Crown Prince Gustave will yield yet to the request from the Norwegian Storting to place a prince of the House of Bernadotte on the throne of Norway has now disappeared, according to a high authority.

The Danish royal family has also set the stamp of disapproval on the acceptance of the throne by a Danish prince. It is understood that arrangements are actually being made for a national convention in Norway, and this, it is believed, will inevitably result in the declaration of a republic.

TO-MORROW'S PROGRAMME.

To Be Rendered by Orchestra at the Victoria Gardens.

The following programme will be rendered to-morrow afternoon at the Victoria Gardens:

March—Southern Echoes.....Dublinet
Schottische—Béau-Marie.....G. Luaders
Selections—Prince of Pilsen.....G. Luaders
Waltz—Swanee Echoes.....Schubert
Cornet Solo—Serenade.....Schubert
Internationals.
Overture—Fra Diavola.....Auber
March—Polly Prim.....Volstead
Waltz—In Dreamland.....Volstead
Intermezzo—Nokomis.....B.G.
Comp. by G. W. W. of Victoria, B.C.
Medley—Potpourri.....Bottger
Descriptive—Cavalry Charge.....G. Luaders
God Save the King.

A MOTHER'S PRAISE.

In every part of Canada you will find mothers who speak in the highest praise of Baby's Own Tablets. Among these is Mrs. Jas. H. Koutie, Bensenville, Ontario, who says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for over three years and I would not be without them. They have done more for my children than any medicine I have ever used. My little girl, now four years old, was always troubled with indigestion and constipation, and although other medicines helped, they were temporary. Baby's Own Tablets were the thing needed to cure her. I also gave the tablets to my baby from time to time since she was two years old, and a more healthy child would be hard to find. The tablets are certainly a life-saver. These tablets cure all minor ailments of infants and young children. They contain no poisoning soothing stuff, and there is no danger of giving an overdose as there is with liquid medicine. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail at 25c a box by writing The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SERVICES APPRECIATED.

Vancouver Lodge, A. O. U. W., Celebrates Anniversary and Honors Pioneer Brethren.

The regular meeting of Vancouver Lodge, No. 5, Ancient Order of United Workmen, was held on Thursday evening, when its 25th anniversary was celebrated. After the transaction of the usual routine business, Recorder Y. Cashmore read an address and presented Past Master Workman B. R. Seabrook and Wm. Jackson with gold lockets, on which were inscribed the date of the organization of the lodge, the names of the recipients, and the words: "Promoted by Vancouver Lodge, No. 5, A. O. U. W." The appended address also was read, and was replied to in suitable terms.

Since the organization of Vancouver Lodge, No. 5, Ancient Order of United Workmen, twenty-three years ago, the most active and energetic members were Past Master Workman B. R. Seabrook and William Jackson. During that long period they were regular attendants at the lodge meetings, and, by their good counsel and advice, tended more than idle words can tell to inculcate the principles of our order, "Charity, Hope and Protection." When trials and heavy burdens fell upon the small band of Workmen; when adversity took the place of prosperity; when friends who rejected in the sunshine of success deserted or became careless, through lack of zeal; when clouds of trouble thickened around, the two brave Workmen stood together, shoulder to shoulder, and, by untiring devotion, continued to erect the edifice on which they assisted in laying the cornerstone. How well their work has been accomplished has been acknowledged by their successors on many occasions. Both have been assisting in advocating principles and measures that promised best towards making the A. O. U. W. what it is to-day. In office they have been associated during twenty-three years. They loved the cause of fraternity and were always faithful to its interests and welfare.

We meet to-night to celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of Vancouver Lodge and to tender Bros. B. R. Seabrook and William Jackson, on behalf of the officers and members, tokens of our appreciation and esteem. Their many noble sacrifices in the work of alleviating sorrow and distress is deserving of recognition. Few members of the order have exerted so great an influence for its good, and the only reward sought was the pleasure of contributing to the happiness of the widow and orphan.

Bros. Seabrook and Jackson: On behalf of the Master Workman, officers and members, in presenting the small tokens of our high esteem, we trust that your earnest endeavors in advancing the future prosperity of our order will be commensurate with the good accomplished in the past and that both may be long spared to continue the work in which you have been engaged for so long a period.

(Signed)

W. BROWN (M. Workman),
T. CASHMORE (Recorder),
THOS. DEAST (Foreman),
Committee.

The remainder of the evening was spent in pleasant social intercourse.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Berlin, June 9.—Prince Leopold Von Hohenoller, a cousin of Emperor Wilhelm, who came to Berlin to attend the wedding of Crown Prince Frederick William and the Duchess Cecelia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, died suddenly to-night of apoplexy.

The Prince will be remembered in history as the candidate of the Spanish Cortes for the throne of Spain, and as having been unwittingly the cause of the Franco-Prussian war.



Says: "The Oldsmobile"

Toils Not, but It Spins."

It runs easily, steadily and surely. It is easy to keep in perfect order. The new carburetor that is on all 1905 machines is producing more power than the machine ever had—more than you really need.

Oldsmobiles are kept abreast of all mechanical advancement. When there is something that would make it better, it is on the Oldsmobile at once. The result is it has every desirable and practical mechanical part. It is very near the ideal machine we all have in our mind's eye.

The Standard Runabout has 7 h. p. (actual and proven) and that means power to burn.

Send for our catalogue and hear our story. Talk to one of our agents and ride in the cars and see for yourself. Then you will become an Oldsmobile enthusiast.

For a 2 cent stamp we will mail you a copy of "Goop Talk"—a clever bit of automobile nonsense.

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AGENTS:
HUTCHINSON BROS., Sole Island Agents, Cor. Broad and Broughton Sts., VICTORIA, B. C.

Oldsmobile 7 H. P. Touring Runabout. Oldsmobile 20 H. P. 2-Cylinder Touring Car.

BOAT HOUSE TAX.

To the Editor:—There is a report at present going round town to the effect that the city authorities are actually intending to tax the boat houses on the Dallas road. If this be true I should like to enter a strong protest through the medium of your valuable paper. I would quote a few instances where these same boat houses have been of inestimable benefit to Victorians and others in the past.

On one occasion some boys broke into Captain Butler's boat house, succeeded in getting his boat launched, and thereby saved the lives of three persons who were drowning. I am glad to say that each of these brave lads received a gold medal as a slight recognition of their gallantry. On another occasion Captain Bebbington, who also has a boat house on the same beach took chances on his life, and saved the little steamer Sadie, when she was in a position of great peril.

On several occasions the sons of Mr. Phillips have saved life, owing to the possibility of their obtaining a boat.

If there is a single atom of public spirit about the city council, it should be their first aim to encourage the keeping of boats all along the coast, instead of indulging in this short-sighted policy of endeavoring to repress them.

The net revenue which they will gain will be so inconsiderable that it is not worth mentioning, and they will be giving Victoria an excellent chance of starting an enterprising death roll for bathers.

It is not the actual money value of the tax of which I complain, but of the principle of collecting a tax on such things as boat houses, which can hardly be styled as luxuries, and which have abundantly proved their right to immunity by their services in the past.

Let the city council look to it that their actions in the future raise no more complaints; the local papers have been full enough of growlings against them. If they cannot satisfy the ratepayers, it will not be hard to find some others who will.

WILLIAM PATTERSON.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., June, 1905.

Date.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.	Time.	Height.
1	10:38.1	8.30	2.0	10:53.6	19	10:35.6	2	10:51.2
2	10:57.8	8.00	1.4	11:34.6	20	10:55.8	3	11:20.8
3	11:17.5	7.50	0.8	12:15.6	21	11:00.4	4	11:35.4
4	11:37.2	6.80	0.2	12:56.6	22	11:05.0	5	11:50.0
5	11:56.9	6.00	0.0	13:37.6	23	11:09.6	6	12:04.6
6	12:16.6	5.00	0.0	14:18.6	24	11:14.2	7	12:19.2
7	12:36.3	4.00	0.0	14:59.6	25	11:18.8	8	12:33.8
8	12:56.0	3.00	0.0	15:40.6	26	11:23.4	9	12:48.4
9	13:15.7	2.00	0.0	16:21.6	27	11:28.0	10	13:03.0
10	13:35.4	1.00	0.0	17:02.6	28	11:32.6	11	13:17.6
11	13:55.1	0.00	0.0	17:43.6	29	11:37.2	12	13:32.2
12	14:14.8	0.00	0.0	18:24.6	30	11:41.8	13	13:46.8
13	14:34.5	0.00	0.0	19:05.6	1	11:46.4	14	14:01.4
14	14:54.2	0.00	0.0	19:46.6	2	11:51.0	15	14:16.0
15	15:13.9	0.00	0.0	20:27.6	3	11:55.6	16	14:30.6
16	15:33.6	0.00	0.0	21:08.6	4	12:00.2	17	14:45.2
17	15:53.3	0.00	0.0	21:49.6	5	12:04.8	18	15:00.0
18	16:13.0	0.00	0.0	22:30.6	6	12:09.4	19	15:14.6
19	16:32.7	0.00	0.0	23:11.6	7	12:14.0	20	15:29.2
20	16:52.4	0.00	0.0	23:52.6	8	12:18.6	21	15:43.8
21	17:12.1	0.00	0.0	24:33.6	9	12:23.2	22	15:58.4
22	17:31.8	0.00	0.0	25:14.6	10	12:27.8	23	16:13.0
23	17:51.5	0.00	0.0	25:55.6	11	12:32.4	24	16:27.6
24	18:11.2	0.00	0.0	26:36.6	12	12:37.0	25	16:42.2
25	18:30.9	0.00	0.0	27:17.6	13	12:41.6	26	16:56.8
26	18:50.6	0.00	0.0	27:58.6	14	12:46.2	27	17:11.4
27	19:10.3	0.00	0.0	28:39.6	15	12:50.8	28	17:26.0
28	19:30.0	0.00	0.0	29:20.6	16	12:55.4	29	17:40.6
29	19:49.7	0.00	0.0	30:01.6	17	12:59.9	30	17:55.2
30	20:09.4	0.00	0.0	30:42.6	18	13:04.5	1	18:09.8

Martin Miller died at Billings, Mont., on Friday, from the effects of a lightning shock Thursday evening.

EASY SHOES FOR 25c.—A SNAP.

This is an age of bargain hunting, and those who know the agony of breaking in new shoes will appreciate the fact that for 25c. we are offering a remedy that prevents chafing, cramping, pinching, etc., and makes new shoes comfortable. Foot Elm changes foot misery into foot happiness.

FOOT ELM

Prevents foot odors and makes feet healthy. 25c. box, or send stamp for particulars of our \$100.00 in prizes.

D. V. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

"You can go as far as you like in an Oldsmobile."

Oldsmobile 7 h. p. Standard Runabout.

The cars we make:
7 h. p. Standard Runabout.
7 h. p. Touring Runabout.
16 h. p. Standard Delivery Cars.
20 h. p. 2-Cylinder Touring Cars.
Ten Passenger Coach.

The Oldsmobile is the only light car that received a gold medal at the World's Fair, St. Louis.

It runs easily, steadily and surely. It is easy to keep in perfect order. The new carburetor that is on all 1905 machines is producing more power than the machine ever had—more than you really need.

Oldsmobiles are kept abreast of all mechanical advancement. When there is something that would make it better, it is on the Oldsmobile at once. The result is it has every desirable and practical mechanical part. It is very near the ideal machine we all have in our mind's eye.

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Send for our catalogue and hear our story. Talk to one of our agents and ride in the cars and see for yourself. Then you will become an Oldsmobile enthusiast.

For a 2 cent stamp we will mail you a copy of "Goop Talk"—a clever bit of automobile nonsense.

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Leading Dressmakers
and Ladies' Tailors use Belding's Silk on their smartest suits, gowns and waists. They know that

Belding's Spool Silk

sews smoothly and evenly—is free of knots and kinks—runs freely in the highest speeded sewing machines without breaking.

That is a hint worth following to those who sew at home. Every desired color, shade and tint for hand and machine stitching and embroidery.

Leading stores everywhere sell Belding's Silk.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.
—Importers and Dealers in—

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Steel, Bar Iron, Agricultural Implements, Etc. Etc.

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J. M. N

CONSIGNMENT OF THE FAVORITE

"CALEDONIAN"

JUST RECEIVED

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.

TENTS TENTS

SAIL LOFT AND TENT FACTORY, 125 GOVERNMENT STREET, UP-STAIRS.

With our new and up-to-date electric machines we can manufacture Sails, Tents, Bags, Covers, etc., CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. We have a very large assortment of Drill and Duck Tents to choose from. See our Waterproof Tent. The largest and best equipped Sail Loft and Tent Factory in the city. We rent Tents cheaper than ever.

ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.

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F. JEUNE & BRO.,

Practical Sail and Tent Makers and Contractors.

HALL'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF
HYPOPHOSPHITES

Blood and nerve builder. Drives away that tired spring feeling.

\$1.00 A BOTTLE

HALL & CO.,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
Clarence Block, Cor. Douglas and Yates Sts.

LAST CONCERT AT THE VICTORIA TO-NIGHT

The Dale English Opera Singers Will
Close Their Engagement—Inter-
esting Attractions Coming

Another crowded audience listened with great delight to the fine performance given at Victoria opera house last evening by Dale's English opera singers. It was what the programme called a "novelty" entertainment, although the principal item in the bill of fare was the prison scene from Verdi's "Il Trovatore." Everything on the programme was, as usual, excellent.

This evening the capable little company will wind up its Victoria engagement by giving an extra fine programme of selections. The first portion will consist of military pieces. During the intermission the audience, on slips of paper provided for the occasion, will pencil their orders for the second course, selecting the pieces from the company's varied repertoire. The first section of the programme will be:

Introduction—The British Grenadiers...
Quartet—Love Is Meant to Make Us Glad... Gorman

English Opera Singers.

Duet—Bravo Brac... Talbot

Miss Gwendoline Phillips and Frederic Dale.

Song—Let Me Like a Soldier Fall... Wallace

Claude Anderson.

Ensemble—The Military Man... Stuart

English Opera Singers.

Song—Erlin Is My Own Land... Capet

Miss Edith Serpell.

Trio—Tie-Tie... Collin

Miss Edith Serpell, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Dale.

Song—Love's Own Sweet Song... Moiley

Miss Gwendoline Phillips.

Pianoforte Solo—Second Waltz... Durand

H. Collman.

Humorous Selection... Mr. Dale.

This afternoon the company gave a Japanese matinee, which was well attended.

Chance For the Children.

An innovation that has proved a delightful conclusion to the exhibition is that furnished by Gozard's California dog, pony, monkey and goat circus. After the performance the children are introduced to the performing pets, and each child is given a free ride upon the backs of the diminutive Shetlands. Attendants with the show take every care of the little tots, and the adventure is hailed with screams of delight. As the exhibition appeals especially to ladies and children, the management have taken every precaution to take the best care of all attending. Popular prices will be charged. Daily street parades will be given, so that the public may review the many cute little animal actors who so heartily enter into the spirit of the fun they are enjoying. Gozard's dog, pony, monkey and goat circus travel in their

Colds

It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and prepares the system for the more serious diseases, among which are the two greatest destroyers of human life, pneumonia and consumption.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

has won its great popularity by its prompt cures of this most common ailment. It aids expectoration, relieves the lungs and opens the secretions, effecting a speedy and permanent cure. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

Price 25c, Large Size 50c.

OVER THE TEA TABLE



Mrs. J. A. Raymer is visiting in Vancouver with her sister, Mrs. T. Corson. Mr. Raymer's son, Mr. Arnold Raymer, is now in a bank in Vancouver.

Mrs. Duncan E. Campbell, of Linden avenue, and her two children, left on Tuesday for Clinton, where she will spend a couple of months visiting her sister, Mrs. (Dr.) Sanson. She was accompanied by her niece, Miss Sinclair.

Dr. Young is an interesting personage at present staying in Victoria. He is the private physician to the Queen of Romania, and has just returned from a trip to Japan. He was the guest of the Lieutenant-Governor at dinner last Saturday night.

Mrs. Bole, wife of His Honor Judge Bole, of New Westminster, is visiting in the city.

Miss Robertson, who has been staying at the Burdette House with Mrs. Hollier, has returned to Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Briggs, who came down from Nelson for the Victoria day celebration, have returned. Mr. Briggs is the kootenay manager of R. P. Rithet & Co.'s business.

Mr. Joshua Kingham left on Tuesday for a three months' trip to the Old Country. Mrs. Kingham, and children accompanied him as far as Vancouver, where they will remain for a time.

Dr. Frank Green, who is now practicing in Cranbrook, has left for Stillwater, Minnesota, where he will be married on the 10th instant to Miss Stanley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Stanley. His brother, Mr. Rae Green, went with him to act as best man.

I notice that Mr. George Riley, M. P., and Mr. Duncan Ross, M. P., attended the races in Toronto on the 24th of May.

The engagement is announced of the Rev. Canon Beaulieu, rector of Christ Church Cathedral, and Miss Sophie Pemberton, second daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Despard Pemberton, of Gonzales, Victoria. Miss Pemberton has studied art in England and on the continent for many years, and with marked success. Her pictures being exhibited in the Royal Academy and the Paris Salon. Canon Beaulieu, I hear, was one of her first models, but since then she has painted portraits of several well-known people here, her latest work being a life-size portrait of the late Mr. John Fanning, curator of the Provincial Museum. The marriage is arranged to take place in September.

Mr. and Miss Leveson are spending a few days in Seattle.

Lieut. White, who was stationed at Work Point barracks some years ago, has been in Victoria for the last few weeks. He left on Friday for the Old Country, but hopes to return to Victoria in the near future.

Miss Carle, of Peterboro, Ontario, is spending the summer months with Mrs. Harold Robertson, St. Charles street.

Miss Cullin, of Spokane, Washington, is staying with Mrs. E. V. Bodwell, Rockland avenue.

Mr. F. R. Pemberton gave a small but most enjoyable dance on Monday evening. About thirty people were present, including Mrs. H. Barnard, Miss Nellie Bunt, Miss Alice Bell, Miss Sophie Pemberton, Miss Boswell, Miss Mara, Miss Brandy, Miss Hamilton, Messrs. Foot, Cornwall, Campbell Brady, C. C. Pemberton, Lawford Richardson, Musket, W. H. Langley, E. O. S. Schofield and R. E. N. Jones.

Mrs. Holmes has issued invitations for an "At Home" in Wednesday, the 14th inst.

Mr. J. H. Lawson left this week for a month's holiday in California.

Mrs. David Holmes, of Holmesdale, Duncan, is spending a few days in town. She came down for the King's Daughters' convention last week, and is now staying with Mrs. Henry Dumbleton.

Mrs. F. R. Pemberton has returned after a long visit to Southern California.

Letters have been received from Dr. and Mrs. O. M. Jones from England, and everyone will be glad to hear that the doctor's health is greatly improved by the change of air.

There was great excitement on the

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Ladies' Favorite. In the only safe, reliable, and effective remedy for women's ailments, Cook's Cotton Root Compound is the only one that can be taken without danger. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is the only one that can be taken without danger. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and is the only one that can be taken without danger.

Prepared in two degrees of strength. No. 1 and No. 2. No. 1—For ordinary cases. No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees strength per three dollars per box.

Ladies—ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other and pills, mixtures and imitations are dangerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and recommended by all druggists in the Dominion of Canada. Mailed to any address on receipt of price and four-cent postage stamp. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

No. 1 and 2 are sold in all Victoria drug stores.

Oak Bay golf links on Monday afternoon, where the final rounds for two championships were played off. Mr. Harvey Combe and Mr. C. F. T. were playing for the Bostock cup, and Mrs. Walter Langley and Miss Violet Pooley for the Flumerfelt cup—a new cup presented this year by Mr. A. C. Flumerfelt. Mr. Prior won in the men's championship, beating the former champion, and Miss Violet Pooley beat Mrs. Langley by one up on the 20th hole. Miss Pooley played a brilliant game, and was heartily congratulated by everyone. Personally I am very pleased to see a young player coming to the fore—it gives fresh interest to the game.

Miss Olive Bryden, who has been at school in England for the last two or three years, came back on Monday night. She travelled out with Sir Richard and Lady Musgrave, and is now living with her father in their pretty house on Head street.

Mr. Joe Pemberton's many friends will be glad to hear that he is now on the fair road to recovery from his recent severe illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Burchell, of Thetis Island, were in town for a few days this week.

Miss Dorothy Green has returned from Comox, where she has been staying with her friend, Miss Willenat. She expects shortly to go to Vancouver, where she will stay for some time.

Mrs. Hugo Beaven and Miss Sophie Pemberton left on Monday morning for Salt Spring Island, where they intend spending a short holiday.

Mrs. G. Bradley-Dyne and Mr. Gerald P. Payne, of Saturna Island, and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Scott, of Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island, were among the country people in town during the week.

Last Sunday evening the male members of the amateur theatrical company who played the "King of Siam" so successfully last month, presented Mrs. Moresby with a very handsome silver watch bowl and tongs, as a mark of their appreciation of the trouble she took to make the play such a success. The presentation was accompanied by a short address, after which all present sat down to a dainty supper.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Gaudin gave a small tea in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Dale, the English opera singers, who have been giving such delightful concerts at the Victoria theatre this week.

Mr. Joseph Burrell, of Plumber Pass, was in town one day this week.

The residence of Mr. John Siggart, ex-South Saanich, was the scene of a happy and interesting event on Wednesday last, when his youngest daughter, Miss Rosa, was united in marriage to Mr. J. E. Tanner, popular representative in the legislature. Mr. H. E. Tanner, shortly after five o'clock the bride, beautifully gowned in cream silk and carrying a large bouquet of cream roses, entered upon the arm of her father to the tastefully decorated parlor where the guests were assembled, and took her place by the side of the groom. She was assisted by Miss Pearl Thompson, who wore a becoming dress of white organdie. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. G. F. Tanner. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. J. V. Vishert, a wedding supper was served, and a little later Mr. and Mrs. Tanner left for Victoria to catch the Sound boat. Their honeymoon will be spent in the Sound cities, and on their return they will reside on Mr. Tanner's fruit farm in South Saanich. Both groom and bride number a large circle of acquaintances, among whom they are deservedly popular. The high esteem in which they are held found expression in a shower of sincere congratulations and good wishes.

The chief social event of the last week was the large "At Home" given on Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. E. V. Bodwell at her beautiful home on Rockland avenue. In the early morning the weather was very threatening, and the indications were that good hats and light dresses could not be worn without fear of their being spoiled. But luckily the skies cleared and everyone was happy. Just at this time of the year all the places along Rockland avenue are lovely, and the view of Mount Baker and the Straits from the drawing room on Tuesday could not be surpassed. Mrs. Bodwell, who wore a very pretty gown of crepe de chene, received in the drawing room, assisted by Miss Cullin, who is staying with her. Mrs. E. Crow Baker also assisted. In the drawing room, which was decorated in roses, an orchestra added to the enjoyment of the afternoon. Claret cup was served in the library. Miss Brady and Miss Eva Loewen both looking very picturesque, the former dressed in green and the latter in mauve, looking after it. The tea room was artistically arranged with masses of pink and white sweet peas; and here Mrs. Robin Dunsmuir in white and black silk presided at the coffee urn, while Mrs. R. H. Pooley, looking very pretty in white, with a becoming lace hat, dispensed the ices. Those present included: Mr. Gordon Hunter, Mrs. Duff, Mrs. Gaudin, Mrs. Day, Mrs. Butchart, Mrs. F. S. Barnard, Mrs. Abbott, Mrs. Rocke Robertson, Mrs. Holmes, Mrs. MacNaughton Jones, Mrs. Holland, Mrs. McKenzie Cleland, Mrs. Burton, Mrs. Fleet Robertson, Mrs. Griffiths, Mrs. Ernest Hamilton, Mrs. Gibb, Mrs. Courtney, Mrs. Arthur Chase, Mrs. Burke, Mrs. Eberts, Mrs. J. O. Graham, Mrs. J. Irving, Mrs. F. Hamilton, Mrs. King, Mrs. Little, Mrs. Mara, Mrs. J. L. Raymer, Mrs. J. H. Todd, Mrs. E. E. Wootton, Mrs. Harold Robertson, Mrs. David Rogers, Mrs. Stuart Robertson, Mrs. Dumoulin, Mrs. Lammman, Mrs. Troop, Mrs.

Combe, Mrs. Blacklock, Mrs. Solly, Mrs. McCallum, the Misses Dupont, Mrs. Taylor, the Misses Galletly, Miss Norah Combe, Miss Butchart, Miss Mary Butchart, Miss K. Gaudin, Miss Violet Powell, Miss Dunsmuir, Miss Eberts, Miss Beaulieu, Miss Little, Miss G. Irving, Miss Barlee and Miss Campbell.

Miss Rant left on Monday morning for Vancouver, where she will spend her holidays as the guest of Miss Morris.

Colonel H. C. Rogers, of Peterboro, who has been here for the last three months visiting his wife and sons and daughters, left on Sunday for home. Col. Rogers is the father of Mrs. G. H. Barnard and Mr. M. Rogers.

Sir Richard and Lady Musgrave have arrived and are staying at Craiginloch. They were accompanied from the Old Country by Miss Olive Bryden, who has been away completing her education, and who will now live with her father on Head street.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Knott, of Walla Walla, after spending the week at Nanaimo and Vancouver, have returned to Victoria, and will extend their visit for some time with relatives here.

LADY GAY.

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Thousands of Lives Made Miserable by a Trouble Easily Overcome.

Thousands of people throughout this country suffer continually from nervousness—their blood is poor and watery, their nerves quivering and faded. They are pale, weak, often troubled with headache and dizziness, are exhausted with the slightest exertion, and often feel as though life were a burden. There is only one absolutely certain way to get new health and strength, and that is through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills make new, rich, red blood, strengthen the nerves, and bring health, strength and happiness to those who use them. Mr. D. W. Dakey, Crystal City, Manitoba, proves the truth of this. He says: "I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with wonderful results. Before using them I was weak and nervous; my blood was poor; I was pale and suffered from pains in the region of the heart. Now after the use of eight boxes of the pills my nerves are strong; my blood is pure and rich; I have a good color and my heart action is regular. I think there is no medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for these troubles."

This is the verdict of all people who have given the pills a fair trial, and those who are sick can obtain new health and strength through the use of this medicine. Do not waste money and further endanger your health by taking any substitute. See that the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is printed on the wrapper around every box. If you cannot get the pills from your dealer they will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing to The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, June 10.—5 a. m.—There has not been much change in pressure west of the Rockies during the last 24 hours. The weather is cloudy over Vancouver Island and Western Oregon and Washington, but fair weather prevails in general both on the North Pacific coast and in the Canadian Northwest. Light showers have fallen at Port Arthur and Salt Lake City, and heavier rain at Blomack, Chicago, Denver and Omaha.

Forecasts.

For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Sunday.

Victoria and vicinity—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, generally fair and cooler. Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, fair and moderately warm.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.95; temperature, 52; minimum, 51; wind, 8 miles S. W.; weather, fair.

New Westminster—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 54; minimum, 54; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, clear.

Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Kanoope—Barometer, 29.88; temperature, 60; minimum, 60; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Markerville—Barometer, 29.92; temperature, 48; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, 50; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles S. W.; weather, cloudy.

Edmonton—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, 48; minimum, 40; wind, 8 miles S.; weather, clear.

Just Seemed to Suit His Case

WELLAND MERCHANT RESTORED TO HEALTH BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Doctors and Medicine Failed—Dodd's Kidney Pills Succeeded—Other Cases They Just Seemed to Suit.

Welland, Ont., June 9.—(Special.) J. J. Yokom, a prominent merchant of this city, is telling his friends of his remarkable cure of a terrible Kidney Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Yokom's statement is as follows:

"For more than a year I had been ailing with Kidney Trouble in all its worst symptoms. I had a distressed feeling in my head, little or no appetite, and a feeling of languor. I became greatly reduced in weight.

"Doctors and medicines failing to give me any benefit, I became despondent, when by good luck I chanced to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and from the first they seemed to suit my case. After taking five boxes the old trouble had gradually disappeared, and I was feeling better than I had in many years."

Dodd's Kidney Pills suit the case of every man, woman or child who has any form of Kidney Disease. They always cure and cure permanently.

The first carload of spring salmon shipped from Bellingham this season was forwarded yesterday from the Pacific-American Fisheries to Hamburg, Germany, in cold storage.

CAMPBELL'S

Silk Waists

Silk Waists

We will show on Saturday

Morning a lovely assortment of

Silk Waists secured in the East

by Mr. Campbell at special prices.

All are new, fresh, and just from

the work rooms. In a good as-

sortment of Blacks, White and

Colored. All at

\$4.75

ON SHOW SATURDAY

10c. Gen. Admission. 25c. Box Seats.
2.50 to 4.50—DAILY—7.30 to 10.30.
MILKING THE ALPS, OR,
A JAMIESON, Mgr.

Grand

Week of June 5th.
ORRIN MCKNIGHT.
THE BELL QUARTETTE.
SUSIE HARDY.
LYNDON AND WREN.
FREDERIC ROBERTS.
NEW MOVING PICTURES.
50 JOHNSON ST.
Go where the crowds go.

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NEW MOVING

The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday)
by theTIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
LIMITED.JOHN NELSON,
Managing Director.Offices: 25 Broad Street
Telephone: 400Reportorial Rooms: 400
Business Office: 400Daily, one month, by carrier: 75
Daily, one week, by carrier: 25
Twice-Week Times, per annum: \$1.00Copy for changes of advertisements must
be handed in at the office not later than
5 o'clock a. m.; if received later than that
hour will be changed the following day.The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the fol-
lowing places in Victoria:

Jones's Cash Store, Douglas Street.

Bauer's Cash Store, 25 Government St.

Kilgus's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.

Victoria News Co., Ltd., 96 Yates St.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't.

T. N. Hibben & Co., 60 Government St.

A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.

Campbell & Collins, Gov't and Truancy alley.

George Marsden, cor. Yates and Gov't.

H. W. Walker, grocer, Esquimalt road.

W. Wilby, 91 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria, W. post office.

Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.

T. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria, W.

Geo. J. Cook, cor. Esquimalt Rd. & Bithel.

J. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for de-
livery of Daily Times.The TIMES is also on sale at the following
places:Seattle—Lowman & Hanford, 610 First
Ave. (opposite Pioneer Square); Hotel
Seattle News Stand; Ralston Grand
Hotel News Stand.Vancouver—Vancouver Hotel; Galloway &
Co.New Westminster—J. J. McKay; H. Morey
& Co.

Kamloops—Smith Bros.

Dawson & White Horse—Bennett News Co.

Roseland—H. S. Wallace; M. W. Simpson.

Nanaimo—E. P. Smith & Co.

White Horse, Y. T.—Bennett News Co.

Revelstoke—C. D. Beattie, Red Cross Drug
Store.

Greenwood—Smith & McRae.

Phoenix—McRae Bros. & Smith.

Grand Forks—W. H. Litter.

Fernie—W. A. Ingram.

Portland, Ore.—Oregon News Co., 147 Sixth
St.; McConnell & Anderson.

ALLUREMENTS OF OFFICE.

The Norwegian revolutionists are experiencing some little difficulty in finding a suitable head upon which to place the crown of the kingdom. Those who have had experience in the king business do not seem anxious to undertake the duties of the job. The situation is unique in the history of royalty. We might almost say it is inexplicable, except upon the hypothesis that the union of crowned heads, and heads which hope to be crowned in the course of human events, has declared the action of the Storting to be "unfair." There is not the risk of decapitation now that there used to be for heads, which, through the fickleness of a froward generation of subjects, became unpopular. In a country like Norway, whose people are deservedly renowned for political stability and decorum, there would appear to be no danger whatever of assassination. Therefore it is hard to understand why such a desirable job, with its unique connections and opportunities for social advancement, should be regarded with indifference by eligible candidates. The conditions in Norway must be very different from the conditions in America. It is notorious in the United States, and it is next to notorious in Canada, that for every job at the disposition of the government there are scores—in specially desirable cases hundreds—of candidates. It is well known that in the forlorn hope of serving his country and enjoying the privileges thereto annexed, a man will expend as much energy as, applied in the business or occupation to which he has been specially trained, would make him as independent as a deer upon the mountains. But in the inscrutable promptings of the vagrant impulses of human nature, nothing will make life complete for a certain class but a government situation. To attain the goal of his ambitions the victim of this pestiferous microbe will afflict politicians for years with his importunities, waste a life of what might be valuable time, and dissipate a fortune in telegrams. His case is one of the great mysteries. It is merely a matter of misplaced energy, and seldom indeed is a victim of the mania cure and started afresh upon the path of independence and self-reliance.

The above reflections, we hope, will not be understood as having reference to the ever industrious and energetic members of the great Conservative party in Victoria or any other part of Canada. It is a matter upon which we are in complete agreement and accord with our contemporary the Colonist, which hinted in a subtly humorous skit this morning that there is a glorious opportunity for hungry Grits to establish a new and improved dynasty in Norway. The Tory party of Canada does not desire office; it is not afflicting the atmosphere and offending against patriotism, decency and common sense in its efforts to set race against race and creed against creed in Canada at the present time for the sake of office or the government jobs which attend those in power. It is inspired by motives of the loftiest and most altruistic kind. The Conservative party wants office for the sake of Canada and for the sake of the prosperity it and its policy of "adequate protection" would bring to Canada. There is not a Tory in the land who would desert his dearly beloved country for a seat upon the throne of Norway. If one of them desires a government job, such desire is the outward manifestation of an irresistible impulse to do his country good. Premier Whitney of Ontario is not discharging Grits from the civil service in order to make room for an infinitesimal portion of

hungry Tories who have accumulated during a Grit regime of thirty years. Not at all. He wants efficiency, and the instinct of government and filling government jobs is inherent and ineradicable in Toryism.

Premier McBride of British Columbia was not compelled to undertake the delicate task of selecting a warden for the provincial gaol from a list of about one hundred and fifty candidates because that number of hungry Tories desired a comfortable billet. Nor was the imposing of applications an indication of the close affinity of Toryism to gaols and cells and the occupants of the same. The zealous one hundred and fifty and more aspired to do their country service in a patriotic way, and there could be no more patriotic way than in keeping watch and ward upon the enemies of law and order, and therefore of good government, who, logically, must be mostly Grits.

We trust this may prove a satisfactory deduction from the circumstance that there were actually one hundred and fifty Tory applicants for one poor government job. There will be just as many for the next one, as the zeal of the patriots is boundless.

TIMELY REBUKES.

The band of spiritually-minded men in Toronto whose religion is politics, and whose holy desires are office and all that pertains to the possession of office, are meeting with many rebuffs from unexpected quarters. They scorned the opinion of Dr. Bryce, a typical Western man and one who must be considered well-informed respecting Western affairs, on the ground that he "is a dyed-in-the-wool Grit." But another Presbyterian whose views should carry weight because of exceptional opportunities of studying the conditions in the districts that will be affected by the Autonomy Bills has spoken, endorsing even more emphatically than Professor Bryce did the principles embodied in the legislation in question. Rev. J. L. Carmichael, D. D., superintendent of Home Missions of the Presbyterian church in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, for the past three years has spent a great part of his time in travelling throughout the Territories. Dr. Bryce, being a dyed-in-the-wool Grit, might possibly enter into a contract with the "Roman hierarchy" to place the Northwest under the bonds of iniquity; but Dr. Carmichael surely cannot also have committed such an unpardonable sin right before the eyes of the defenders of the faith. In a newspaper interview, Dr. Carmichael discussed the present situation candidly and freely. Asked if he had found any of the people in either of the new provinces in any great excitement over the educational clauses or in the discussion of them, the doctor said that he had scarcely heard any mention of them, except when he had himself introduced the subject. "I had occasion to pay a visit to Toronto recently," he continued, "about the time the autonomy bill was up for its second reading, and not until I reached North Bay did I find any evidence of interest in the matter. Between North Bay and Toronto I heard more discussion of it than one would hear in the west in a whole month."

"I think," Dr. Carmichael said, "that the Western people are well satisfied with their educational system, and, indeed, if given an opportunity would likely re-enact it. What very little active opposition is to be found arises from feeling that the provinces might have been left clear to re-enact their legislation themselves." This was a point, the doctor said, he had not had opportunity of studying fully in its legal and technical bearings, so he had not thought himself fit to offer any conclusion upon it. Like all true Canadians, he would not be in sympathy with the arbitrary infringement of provincial rights, but he had not been able to study the question fully enough to know what were the necessities of the case. All depended upon the interpretation of the British North America Act.

With regard to the school system of the Northwest as a system he had no doubt. It was an excellent system and splendidly administered. "The ideal system," he said, "is undoubtedly the one school for all classes of the community. The common school is one of the chief factors in assimilating the different nationalities and transforming all into Canadians. It is a pity to educate separately boys and girls who are to be citizens of the same community. Yet at the present time in Canada, and in view of the conscientious scruples of the minority, this ideal would be separation. No system could be devised which would provide so little separation as that now in force in the Northwest."

"Then you regard the present system as under existing conditions a satisfactory system?" Most satisfactory indeed, and I am of opinion that under the present system separate schools are much less objectionable than they might be were the principle of separation removed entirely, that is, removed in opposition to the protests of the minority."

A minimum of separation in law and in fact Dr. Carmichael considered as preferable to denial of the principle of separation in law, with the illegal existence of it in fact. In addition to this, he thought the people were not so eager for a separate institution when they had the legal right to enjoy it as they would be if it were denied them. As a matter of fact, there were very few minority schools in the Territories. He could not say just how many, but he knew they were not numerous. One in Esterhazy was a Protestant minority school. The

LADIES' WRIST BAGS
NEW STYLES THIS SEASON

We desire to call your attention to our new stock of Wrist Bags, in seal, sea lion and other kinds of leather, beautifully lined, and fitted with purse and Card Case.

They are the most elegant and useful articles of the kind that have ever been offered in this city, the prices are very moderate, and if you are in need of one, you will find exactly what you want in our stock.

ALSO LADIES' MOROCCO TRAVELLING BAGS, WITH STERLING SILVER AND IVORY FITTINGS.

C. E. REDFERN,

43 GOVERNMENT STREET.
TELEPHONE, 118. ESTABLISHED 1892.

\$1.00 per Pair

EXTRA HEAVY SEAMLESS

Red Rubber Gloves

For house work, gardening, photography, etc.

Terry & Marett

DOWN-TO-DATE DRUGGISTS.

S.E. Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

VICTORIA, B. C.

served by a better feeling between these provinces."

Dr. Shaw, president of the Protestant Council of Public Instruction of Quebec, a prominent Methodist preacher and educationist, was interviewed by a reporter of the Toronto Globe and asked to state his position regarding the Autonomy Bills, but he declined to do so. He did say, however, that the Ultramontane party in Quebec were disappointed with the outcome. Their feelings were, he said, expressed by Le Verite: "We can understand that such fanatics as Sproule, Hughes and Potts should rail against us as they do, but for Laurier to betray his race and his religion as he has done in the amended bill is unpardonable and incomprehensible."

We venture to predict that the terms of peace offered by Japan will stagger the Grand Dukes.

AIBERNI.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald, leader of the opposition in British Columbia, interviewed by a reporter of the Vancouver World, said:

"With regard to Aiberni I have nothing to say except this, that I believe the members of the legislature on both sides of the Speaker will sincerely regret the disappearance from among us of Mr. McInnes, and this notwithstanding that he has been appointed to a most important and distinguished position. With regard to the selection of his successor, I have every confidence that the Liberals of the constituency will take care that the chair occupied by the past by Mr. McInnes will not be removed across the floor of the House."

"I have not taken, nor do I intend to take, any part in the selection of the Liberal candidate. I regard this as a matter for the Liberals of the riding alone to decide, and have no doubt that the selection will be a wise one."

THE AUTONOMY BILLS.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

The Autonomy bills in most distinct fashion restrict the rights of Roman Catholics to those which they possess under the Northwest Ordinances.

Against these the bishops in 1892 appealed as contrary to the Dominion Act of 1875.

Mr. John Thompson admitted the correctness

GARDEN TOOLS
—AND—
LAWN MOWERS

THE PICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LD.,

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. DRAWER 613.

TELEPHONE 59.

The Latest Novelty

In Post Cards

Birch Bark Post Cards, with views of "The Gorge" and Parliament Buildings

For Sale by

T. N. Hibben & Co.

Headquarters for Souvenir Post Cards and View Books

DAVID SPENCER

LIMITED

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

ON MONDAY

We Will Place On Sale

Sixteen Hundred Women's Shirt Waists

At 50c to \$2.00 each

Made to sell in the regular way at 75c to \$4.00 each

ON MONDAY

We Will Place On Sale

One Hundred and Fifty-Four Women's Walking Skirts

At \$2.90, \$3.75 and \$4.50

Made to sell in the regular way at \$3.75 to \$8.50 each

The Above are the Season's Best Offerings

new of this claim, but on grounds of policy declined to intervene. Under the act of 1875 a complete dual system was established. Under the ordinances of 1892 it was abolished. There is the widest kind of a gulf between the two.

A REFUGEE IN DISTRESS.

J. W. Foley.

A fellow's father knows a lot Of office work and such. But when it comes to things like what A boy wants, he ain't much. For when it comes to cuts or warts Or stone bruise on your toes, A fellow's father don't know, but A fellow's mother knows.

A fellow's father, he looks wise And says: "A-hem! A-hem!" But when it comes to cakes and pies, What does he know of them? He knows the price of wheat and rye And corn and oats, it's true, But if you got the leg ache, why, He don't know what to do.

And if you burned your back the time That you went in to swim, And want some stuff to heal it, why, You never go to him, Because he doesn't know a thing About such things as those. But you just bet, and don't forget, A fellow's mother knows.

And if your nose is sunburned, till It's all peeled off, and you Go to him for some 'healin' stuff, He don't know what to do. He's just as helpless as can be, But when a fellow goes And asks his mother, why, you see, A fellow's mother knows.

A fellow's father knows a lot, But it ain't any use, So if a fellow really got The leg ache or a bruise, Or if there's anything he wants He gets right up and goes And asks his mother, for, you see, A fellow's mother knows.

A BEAUTY HINT.
A beautiful American girl has just got rid of some very troublesome warts on her face and neck by a novel treatment. Having exhausted all ordinary remedies and patent medicines, the young woman, who is a believer in the efficacy of light, pressed the sun into service as beauty doctor. She bought a big magnifying glass, and for two weeks during the sunny mornings and afternoons subjected the warts to a sun bath through the magnifying glass. The warts dried up gradually and one fine morning recently she woke up without them. She does not know where they disappeared to.

EXPECT TOO MUCH OF A HORSE.

Boston Transcript.
You put blinders on a horse so that he can't see anything that is going on about him, and then you blame him for trombling and jumping and starting to run at every little noise. You forget how frightened you were when with blinded eyes you were initiated into the awful mysteries of the High Mightiness of Unblinded and Superincumbent Chinwaggers. And why shouldn't a horse be frightened as easily as a donkey?

JENKINS WON.

Defeated Fred Beell, of Wisconsin, in Wrestling Match For \$1,000 A Side.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 10.—In a private gymnasium before a select crowd of sportsmen, Fred Beell, of Wisconsin, and Tom Jenkins, of Cleveland, have wrestled for \$1,000 a side. Beell, of whom little was known, wrestled the old champion to a standstill, and then threw him after a struggle lasting two hours and forty-three minutes. Jenkins eventually won the match through superior weight, but declared when it was over that Beell was the hardest opponent for his size and weight that he ever met.

Only about one hundred men saw the match, which was the best two out of three falls, catch-as-catch-can, and any hold but the strangle hold allowed. For nearly an hour it was a fierce struggle. For minutes at a time the men stood with heads lowered like bulls, their arms locked behind each other's necks and straining until their muscles stood out like whipcords.

At last they were over in one corner of the ring, and Jenkins secured a half-Nelson and was about to turn Beell over, when Beell wrenched himself loose and catching Jenkins off his balance turned him over like a flash and pinned his shoulders to the mat.

After a short rest the men came on for the second bout. Jenkins was thoroughly aroused and went at Beell like a tiger. After ten minutes of wrestling he hurled the little fellow with terrific force against the south wall, and Beell fell to the mat half dead. It was easy work then for Jenkins to get a fall with a half-Nelson.

He followed with a second fall, and secured the decision in quick order. Jenkins weighed about 190 pounds and Beell about 165.

ADDRESS TO KING.

Storthing's Resolution Handed to the Ruler of Sweden.

(Associated Press.)

Christiania, June 10.—The address of the Storting to the King, announcing the dissolution of the union between Norway and Sweden, which the King had previously refused to accept, was handed to him yesterday afternoon at Stockholm by a representative of the president of the Storting.

REORGANIZATION PLANS.

Paul Morton, of Equitable, Says He Will First Consider Interests of Policy Holders.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 10.—Paul Morton, the newly elected chairman of the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, said to-day that in his plans for the reorganization of the society he intends to consider first of all the interest of the policyholders.

"You can say for me," said Mr. Morton, "that my watchword in my connection with the Equitable Life Assurance

Society will be for the best interests of the policyholders.

"I do not propose to reflect in any way on the former management. I simply take matters as I find them, and shall give all my efforts to carry out the society in the proper way.

"The interests of the policyholders is the greatest interest, and it would seem to me that no policy leaving this fact out of consideration can succeed."

CHINAMAN'S FATAL FALL.

Nanaimo, June 10.—Last night a Chinaman working on the wharves at Ladysmith for the Extension colliery fell from the top of the coal bunkers to the wharves below, a distance of sixty feet, and was instantly killed.

—There is now some talk of shifting the government bonded warehouse from the old dock (built in 1862), near the E. & N. railway bridge, to a site on Store street, at an early date. For several reasons the old dock is proving unsuited for the business.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Whatcom from Seattle—Mrs. Gilbert, Jno. Carson, S. G. Steele, H. H. Dickson, H. P. Paulin and wife, Henry Wick and wife, A. W. Hutchison, Hazel B. Leare, W. H. Waller, W. H. Kneager, A. L. Sanders and wife, Mrs. J. W. Smith, F. A. Stephenson, Miss V. M. Mason, Mrs. S. B. George, Mrs. M. McIntyre, Helen Campbell, A. B. Campbell and wife, H. C. Guck and wife, Eva Guck, Mary Young, J. T. O'Brien and wife, F. M. Russell and wife, W. E. Doyle and wife, F. P. Haller, Jas. Peterson and wife, R. Hood, Mrs. Hood.

WEDDED AT NINETY-SIX.

Bride Within Four Years of Being a Centenarian—Groom Ten Years Her Junior.

After one disappointment, owing to the ban on having been published long enough, the wedding was duly celebrated at Pensance of Francis Russell Vincent and Annie Harvey, of Ladysmith, a charming West Cornwall village, says the London Daily News.

On account of the great ages of the contracting parties—the ceremony probably creates a record; for the bridegroom is 86 years old and the bride is actually ten years his senior, wanting but four years to complete a century of existence on this planet.

Both husband and wife, however, are far more sprightly than would be expected at their time of life, and though the villagers recently expressed disapproval at their proposed union by means of a tin band, they resolutely proceeded with the ceremony.

Each has been married twice previously. Vincent, for forty-seven years was an employee at the Bristol Gas Works, but has just retired on a comfortable pension.

Although both are natives of West Cornwall they have known each other only a few weeks.

The lighthouse at Cornma, Spain, is believed to be the oldest one now in use. It was erected during the reign of Trajan and rebuilt in 1694.

Sunlight Soap

is a scientifically made soap, the oils and alkali being perfectly combined. It will wash equally well with hard or soft water. No hard scrubbing or boiling of the clothes. Just rub a little Sunlight on the clothes and it does the cleansing.

Give Sunlight a trial

You may have your money back if not satisfied.

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto



Church Services To-Morrow

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL

Sunday, 10:30 a.m.; morning service and holy communion, 11 a.m.; children's flower service, 3:30 p.m.; evening service, 7 p.m. Preachers: Morning, the Bishop; evening, Canon Beaumont. The music set for the day follows:

Morning

Voluntary—Andante Wely
Venite Goodson
Psalm for Whit Sunday Morning

Evening

Te Deum Cathedral Psalter
Benedictus Barnby
Kyrie Maundrell
Gloria Maundrell
Hymns 154, 412 and 362
Voluntary—Elevation Dr. Stainer

Evening

Voluntary—Offertoire in A Flat Battie
Processional Hymn 431
Psalm for Whit Sunday Evening

Evening

Magnificat Cathedral Psalter
Nunc Dimittis Clare
Anthem—Come, Holy Ghost Attwood
Treble Verse, Masters W. Courtney, C.
Leary and D. Pennock

Evening

Hymns 229 and 413
Vesper Hymn 432
Recessional Hymn 432
Voluntary—Fantasia Church

Evening

Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Venite and Psalms Macpherson
Benedictus Trounbeck
Hymns 207 and 210
Communion Hymn 323
Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter

Evening

Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Hymn 154
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Barnby
Nunc Dimittis S. John
Anthem—I Heard the Voice of Jesus E. Minshall
Hymns 508 and 152
Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Vesper Hymn M. S.

Evening

Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Hymn 154
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Barnby
Nunc Dimittis S. John
Anthem—I Heard the Voice of Jesus E. Minshall
Hymns 508 and 152
Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Vesper Hymn M. S.

Evening

Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Hymn 154
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Barnby
Nunc Dimittis S. John
Anthem—I Heard the Voice of Jesus E. Minshall
Hymns 508 and 152
Organ Voluntary Cathedral Psalter
Vesper Hymn M. S.

Evening

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Hymn 154
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Barnby
Nunc Dimittis S. John
Anthem—I Heard the Voice of Jesus E. Minshall
Hymns 508 and 152
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Anthem—I Heard the Voice of Jesus E. Minshall
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Organ—March Ferri Toner

ST. JOHN'S

Preachers: Morning, Rev. Percival Jenks; evening, Rev. A. J. Stanley Ard. The music follows:

Morning

Organ—Offertoire Salome
Venite Elvey
Psalm for Whit Sunday, Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum Russell
Jubilate Hayes
Anthem 156
Hymn Ard in D Flat
Kyrie Tallis, No. 3
Hymns 210 and 321

Evening

Organ—Romance Lemare
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Maundrell
Nunc Dimittis Maundrell
Hymns 154, 207 and 437
Vesper—Lord Keep Us Safe Petrell
Organ—Offertoire Petrell

Evening

Organ—Romance Lemare
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Maundrell
Nunc Dimittis Maundrell
Hymns 154, 207 and 437
Vesper—Lord Keep Us Safe Petrell
Organ—Offertoire Petrell

Evening

Organ—Romance Lemare
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At 7 o'clock J. F. Vichert, M. A., of Calvary Baptist church, will have charge of the service. There will be special music in connection with each service. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

METHODIST CHURCH, DUNCANS.

Rev. T. H. Wright, pastor. Sunday service at 7:30 p. m. Visitors and tourists in the vicinity are cordially invited.

CALVARY BAPTIST.

The pastor, Rev. J. F. Vichert, M. A., will preach at 11 a. m. Rev. R. J. McIntyre, B. A., will preach at 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p. m. B. Y. P. U., Monday, 8 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.

BURNSIDE BAPTIST.

Divine service in the Mission, Tennyson road, to-morrow at 7 p. m. J. W. H. King, B. A., will be the speaker. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to attend these services.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL.

Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Thomas A. Carson, B. A., pastor, will preach at both services. Morning subject, "Christ's Validatory Address"; evening, "Some Happy People Whom I Know—The Man Who Has Faith." Bible school meets at 2:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. Society at 8:15 p. m. You are cordially invited to all the services.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Church of Christ (Christians, disciples) meets at 3 Tawnton street, Services, Lord's day, 11 a. m. The Lord's Supper, subject, "The Beginning of the Church of Christ," Acts II, 32-47; 7 p. m. subject, "Reaching the Right to the Tree of Life," Rev. xiii, 14. Special services every evening throughout the week at 8 o'clock. Preaching by Madison Wright. Strangers and all are invited to attend each service.

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD.

Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society, Centre No. 57, holds a public meeting at 28 Broad street every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, when short addresses are given and questions answered. Subjects for to-morrow: "Patrolism"; "Responsibility." Questions are invited from the audience.

W. C. T. U. MISSION.

The services at the W. C. T. U. Mission, Johnson street, on Sunday evenings will for the summer months commence at 8 o'clock instead of as before at 7. Strangers in city cordially welcome.

SALVATION ARMY.

Meeting in provincial jail in the morning; 3 p. m. prayer meeting; 8 p. m. Adjutant and Mrs. Nelson and Capt. Lewis will hold their farewell meeting. All the friends are invited to be present. Good music and singing.

LECTURE.

L. Reese will lecture on the Higher Forces at her residence, 36 Superior street, corner of Birdcage Walk, at 8 o'clock. Strangers in the city welcome. Soil delineations at the close.

Joyous Robust Health For Old Folks

The Burden of Advancing Years With Frailty and Weakness Lifted by Ferrozone.

As old age creeps on the appetite falls off. Food is no longer satisfying or nourishing. The nerves seem tired and exhausted. Sleep is hard to obtain. Morning tiredness is ever present, nerve-force is burnt out.

For instilling into old folks the fire and snap of youth, nothing can surpass Ferrozone, which nourishes the vital forces of the body back to robust health. The cheeks redden and the form fills out, proving that weight is being added.

With Ferrozone you get well-keep well—debility and weakness forever depart, as in the case of Mrs. Jennie L. Cameron, Upper Hampstead, N. B., who writes:

Last spring I was seized with nervous weakness. I was completely dragged out through sleepless nights and long days of restless uneasiness. My appetite failed and I didn't care whether I ate or not. I seemed to be sick and ailing in every organ on my body. Headache and neuralgia became very frequent and attacks of rheumatism occurred quite often.

"I had at once given up hope of being well till I read of the recovery of Mrs. Cross, who was cured by Ferrozone. I bought a box of Ferrozone and in a few days I gained steadily in weight, my color returned, my nerve power increased and slowly but surely Ferrozone nourished me back to health. Since using Ferrozone I haven't had a single day's illness."

Special Notice—Ferrozone is not a stimulant to temporarily uplift the spirits. It cures by Nature's way—nourishing and feeding the weakened body. Beware of substitutes: 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

KILLED BEAR WITH CLUB.

As C. F. McLean and A. McFadden, of Burton, were walking out to attend a prayer meeting in the back settlement near Burton they met a bear, which immediately arose on its hind legs and disputed their right of way. It so happened that clubs were plentiful in that place, and our friends, arming themselves with these, called in and it was not many moments until brain succumbed to the swift and well aimed blows of the valiant twain.

Mr. McLean very naturally feels proud of the distinction he has won by coming out on top in an encounter with a bear. He says that he was always taught to believe that a bear's nose was a tender spot, but he thinks so no longer. He whacked this one over the snout at least a dozen times, but it did not seem to mind it a little bit.—Fredericton Herald.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

NELSON.

The street railway receipts for the last week were \$100.63; the receipts for the year to date are \$2,085.05, more than double the receipts for the corresponding period of 1904, which were \$1,025.53. Last year the service was resumed on June 5th, after being closed down for two months. The revenue for the remainder of the year is not likely to be less than for the same months of last year, it seems certain that the receipts from the system this year will exceed those of 1904 by at least \$1,000.—Neva.

FERNIE.

The recent rain has increased the speed and volume of water in the Elk river, so much so, indeed, that anxiety is felt for the safety of the bridge close to the Fernie Lumber Company's mill. A night watchman is employed to see that no drift of any kind gets entangled under the bridge, to form the nucleus of a jam which would carry away the piers and subsequently the bridge itself. A small bridge at McDougall's mill has been carried away under pressure of the high water. Listock Forbes, formerly stipendiary magistrate for this district, has returned from England.

VANCOUVER.

The steamer Cassiar made a record run down from Lewis channel on Wednesday night. A logger named Hultman had his leg crushed between two logs and broken in two places, and the crew kindly cut out all intermediate calls in order to get him to the hospital as speedily as possible. A. E. McDougall, the Vancouver druggist, happened to be in the neighborhood spending his holidays, and he kindly attended to the wounded man, and stayed with him till he was landed at St. Paul's hospital.

At the annual meeting of the Vancouver Property Owners' Association the chairman reported that letters from sister

No Auction Sale

Owing to the rush of retail trade, we will not hold our WEEKLY AUCTION SALES until further notice.

F. J. Bittancourt, AUCTIONEER.

Big Church Building, Cor. Broad and Pandora Streets. Phone A908.

Browne & Kennedy, Auctioneers

And Commission Agents
Office, 8 Store St. Victoria, B. C.
P. O. Box 139.

L. EATON & CO. AUCTIONEERS

Will sell as follows:—
PLANT SALE at Rooms—
Saturday, 10th inst., at 8 p. m.
FURNITURE SALE, Residence—
T. Wetherby-Williams, Esq., Moss St.
Tuesday, 13th inst., 2 p. m.
FURNITURE SALE, Residence—
Mrs. Hutchison, Victoria Crescent.
Friday, 16th inst.

HARDAKER AUCTIONEER

Under instructions, I will sell at Sale rooms, 77-79 Douglas Street,
Friday, 16th, at 2 p. m.

DESIRABLE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Particulars later.

Wm. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer

GOOD WORK BY FIREMEN.

Extinguished Fire at Taylor Mill Company in Short Order Last Night.

By good work the fire department last night slipped in its early stages what promised to become a destructive fire. It was in the lumber drying kiln and boiler room of the Taylor Mill Company, Government street, and the fact that the establishment was running as usual this morning is evidence of the efficacious methods adopted by the firemen.

The blaze was discovered by the night watchman about eleven o'clock. He at once turned in an alarm from box 52, which is near the mill. The department responded in short order, and soon had four streams playing upon the flames, a deluge that was supplemented by a fine in the mill equipment. The quarter being a likely one for a dangerous fire, one of the engines was operated at the corner of Princess avenue and Douglas street. The other three streams were attached to hydrants near by. At first the wind blew the flames towards the main part of the mill, and the chemical department were stationed there to prevent the spread. They were successful in confining the fire to the drying kiln, the wind fortunately veering in another direction and greatly facilitating their efforts. Only the upper part of the one building was damaged, and the loss will probably be covered by five hundred dollars. Just how the fire started is impossible to say, but probably it arose from the boilers. This morning Chief Watson received a cheque for fifty dollars for Relief Association Fund from the Taylor Mill Company, in recognition of the capital work of the brigade last night.

HOTEL OPENED TO DAY.

New Mount Baker at Oak Bay Formally Began Business This Morning.

Manager Virtue had everything ready this morning for the reception of guests and visitors at the elegant new Mount Baker hotel, Oak Bay, when the house was formally thrown open to the public, and entered into its business life, which, it is generally hoped, will extend over a long period of years.

As noted in a descriptive article in the Times this week, the new Mount Baker is one of the best appointed hotels in the province, and, owing to its charming and healthful situation, comfortable accommodations, and the great popularity of Manager Virtue, is bound to enjoy a very liberal share of public patronage. The manager is looking forward to a busy summer, and, especially fall tourist trade, when the visitors to Portland's fair begin to come North to see Victoria. Many citizens of Victoria called on Manager Virtue to-day to pay their respects and wish him all manner of good luck in his new and beautiful headquarters.

COCHRANE'S ICE CREAM SODA

Has long been known as the best in the city and still maintains its reputation. Large glasses, 10 cents. All flavors.

JOHN COCHRANE, DRUGGIST.

N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

NEW AND FRESH

Soda Biscuits, 2 lb. Tin 25c
Strawberries, 2 Boxes 25c

Fresh Cream Daily

AT THE

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office. Government Street.

FREE FREE**FOR ONE MONTH**

In order to "Ginger Up" our fixture sales, we will fit all Electric Light fixtures complete with shades at 75c each

Hinton Electric Co.**WHALING STATION NEARLY FINISHED****SECOND ONE MAY BE BUILT ON ISLAND**

Capt. Smith Gives His Views on the Outlook in Connection With Industry.

The Vancouver Province publishes an interview with Capt. Chas. Smith, who has been in charge of the building of the whaling station for Capt. Balcolm at Sechart. Capt. Smith is superintending the loading of machinery at Vancouver. He says:

"The whaling industry should prosper in British Columbia. I consider that the prospects for a good catch of whales both along the West Coast of Vancouver Island and in the waters of the Gulf of Georgia are the best that I have ever seen in all my experience."

"The whaling station at Sechart is now almost completed. All the buildings are up and the machinery is now being engaged in for many years past, and for active whaling, I have been at that station, while the steam whaling schooner Orion, which has already been purchased for that purpose, will have a crew of ten men. The Orion, by the way, is equipped with all the latest devices used in modern whaling operations. These include harpoon guns, patent reels, winches and tackle. It is an entirely different and far less dangerous operation to harpoon a whale now from the deck of one of these modern steam schooners than it was in my early days when the harpoon was thrown by hand from a comparatively small whaleboat."

"I am confident that there will be another whaling station built before long—perhaps this fall or early next spring—if the Sechart station does well. It is intended as the inaugural station of a chain that will extend all along the British Columbia coast as far north as Port Simpson. The next station will probably be located on the east side of Vancouver Island, probably somewhere near Nahalmo. It will cost about \$75,000 to equip. Yes, there are plenty of whales in the Gulf of Georgia as well as on the outside."

"In the old days of whaling only the oil and whalebone were used; all the rest of the carcass was allowed to go to waste. It polluted the waters, frightened away other whales, and made the ships anything but floating perfumes. But with the modern methods now in use nothing is allowed to go to waste. The whale when caught is always towed to the whaling station and hauled ashore on a sort of marine railway. In huge rendering tanks the oil is first extracted from the blubber, which is stripped off the carcass as it is carried along a railway. Then the bone, of which sometimes nearly a ton is obtained from a single large whale, is carefully boiled clear of any flesh. The remainder of the carcass is converted into guano, or land fertilizer. There is a good market for all these products. The oil finds a ready sale at any time, and is constantly advancing in price. Fine whalebone will bring as high as \$25,000 a ton, while the guano grades also sell well for various purposes. Markets for all these products can be secured close to Vancouver and Victoria, while there is a constantly increasing demand for guano both in this country and Japan, where the thrifty Japanese use it extensively."

"There will be no lack of whales, I am sure," continued Capt. Smith. "In summer the big mammals feed farther north and some distance out in the ocean, but in winter they lie close in

shore, as the feed they are after seems to be there in the winter season. Another thing that will make the whaling business more profitable here than on the Atlantic coast is the fact that guano and some of the by-products from the carcasses bring a higher price here."

ALLEGED FRAUD.

Spiritualism Reported to Have Figured in Transaction Now Before Courts.

(Associated Press.)

Bellingham, Wash., June 10.—Fraud in securing a deed to a large tract of land in this city from the late Ewing Bartlett, of Oakland, Cal., is alleged to have been perpetrated through the assistance of spiritualistic mediums, by Postmaster Hugh Eldridge, of Bellingham, a prominent politician of the state of Washington and son of the late Puget Sound pioneer, Captain Edward Eldridge. "Sui" was brought here yesterday by the Bartlett Estate Company, a California corporation, asking that the plaintiff be given possession of a half interest in the tract, said to be worth \$75,000. It was formerly owned by Ewing Bartlett, deceased, and the late Captain Eldridge in equal partnership. The deed in which fraud is charged was made in March, 1900.

GOT FIFTY YEARS.

Sentence on Clarence Young, Who Held Up Northern Pacific Train.

A Phillipsburg, Mont., dispatch says Clarence Young, the wood-chopper who held up the North Coast Limited on the Northern Pacific at Bearmouth on the night of May 27th, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to 50 years in the state penitentiary by Judge G. B. Winston. Young had no money, and the court appointed counsel for him. He made no defence. The limit fixed by the last legislature was given him. He received the sentence without flinching. Young will be more than 80 years old should he live to serve out the sentence.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Green, representing Messrs. George Carter & Co. of this city, is now in Los Angeles, Cal., on a business visit.

Dr. W. McDowell who, with Mrs. McDowell, is spending a few days in the city, is a well known Victoria boy. He received his early education in the local public and high schools, where he achieved considerable distinction for his scholastic ability. Since leaving Victoria he has become a full fledged M. D., and his many friends here, especially those of his school days, wish him the fullest measure of success. Both Mr. and Mrs. McDowell are guests at the Drriad.

Rev. S. J. Thompson, the newly appointed pastor of the Centennial Methodist church, and family, arrived from the Mainland yesterday by the steamer Princess Victoria. They came from Cranbrook, Rev. Mr. Thompson having presided over the Methodist church in that town for several years. He will occupy the pulpit at the Centennial church for the first time to-morrow.

B. V. Lantier, J. G. Pattison, W. E. Cameron, E. Widdell, Rev. L. Wingate, G. Carlyton, Rev. P. D. Lloyd, John F. Lyon and G. B. Wilcox were among last night's arrivals from the Mainland by the steamer Princess Victoria. They are guests at the St. Francis hotel.

A. W. Yowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, accompanied by Surveyor Green, will leave on Monday for Northern British Columbia on official business. Mr. Yowell expects to be away about a month.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. MacGregor returned last evening from Portland. They visited the exposition and were greatly impressed with its excellence and extent.

Major Mutter arrived in the city yesterday from Sources to assume charge of the provincial jail. His duties as warden of that institution began to-day.

D. Stevens has returned from an extensive tour of the Okeana Lake country. He has been away a couple of months.

MECHANICS, FARMERS, SPORTS. WEI—To heat and master the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and dirt, etc., use the "Master Mechanic" Tar Soap. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.

EAT B & K OATS FOR BREAKFAST

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS conclusively proves that oats in the form of ROLLED OATS contain more nutritive pound for pound, than ANY OTHER PREPARED CEREAL.

The only edible portion of the oat is the kernel or groat. The presence of husks, black specks, or bitter flavor is a sure sign of careless or unscientific manufacture.

WE GUARANTEE every sack of B. & K. OATS to contain absolutely:

"All the Great that's in the Oat And nothing else beside."

NO HULLS. NO BLACK SPECKS. NO BITTER FLAVOR.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

SPECIAL TO-DAY

300 'SERGES FOR 15c

ALL WOOL—GREEN or BLACK

ROBINSON'S CASH STORE

PHONE, 1010. 80 DOUGLAS ST.

Sherwin-Williams Paint

\$1.75 per gallon

PETER M'QUADE & SON

78 WHARF STREET

PIONEER DIVINE NOW IN THE CITY**WAS FOUNDER OF A WELL KNOWN CHURCH**

Gives Times Interesting Account of Establishment of First Presbyterian Edifice in Victoria.

One of Victoria's pioneer clergymen, Rev. J. Hall, arrived from New Zealand by the steamer Aorangi the other day and is spending a few days here renewing acquaintances. Although Rev. Mr. Hall is well advanced in years he is still active and speaks in enthusiastic terms of the progress of church work throughout the British colonies bordering on the Pacific ocean. He was the founder of the First Presbyterian church here in 1802, and presided over the first congregation for a period of three years. Though he is now over forty years since Rev. Mr. Hall left the shores of British Columbia he has not forgotten any of the stirring incidents which marked the period of his residence in this province, and tells many amusing anecdotes of life among the pioneers.

Rev. Mr. Hall was sent to British Columbia by the Presbyterian Assembly in the early sixties, the necessity of missionaries in the western portion of the Dominion having been reported by a number of Victorians. Immediately upon his appointment he took passage arriving here a number of months later. He found Victoria, then a small Hudson's Bay post, with a few hundred permanent white residents and quite a large settlement of Indians, in the throes of the Cariboo gold excitement. Miners were arriving from California in hundreds and pitching their tents here until ready to proceed to Cariboo, which was then a long, tedious and even dangerous trip, requiring quite an extensive outfit. Rev. Mr. Hall describes these miners as young, hardy men, many the sons of Old Country and American farmers. The majority, he says, were stalwart but inexperienced, and thought that fortunes were awaiting them upon their arrival at Cariboo.

For a year or more Rev. Mr. Hall devoted his time to preaching the Gospel among these rough and ready pioneers, accompanied parties to the neighborhood of the famous claims on Thompson river on several occasions and became quite accustomed to open air life on the trail. This, however, was nothing unusual for the clergymen of that time; in fact it was considered proper and even necessary for the minister to make these journeys occasionally to spread the Gospel in the wilds of the British Columbia interior. During his ramblings Rev. Mr. Hall spent some weeks at Lillooet, Yale and other towns situated on the Fraser river which have been in existence for about half a century. On one occasion he met Bishop Hill, the first English Church clergyman to reach the western section of the Dominion. His tent was pitched just outside the town of Yale. The Presbyterian minister had quite a long conversation with his brother divine and recollects that Bishop Hill complained very bitterly of the ravages of the mosquito nuisance, a plague that still afflicts the farmers of the Fraser.

After this nomadic existence for about a year Rev. Mr. Hill settled down in Victoria at the earnest solicitation of friends and established the First Presbyterian church in 1802. He speaks in eulogistic terms of the energy and zeal of the young Victorians of that day among whom was Alex. Wilson, still one of Victoria's most prominent citizens and, by the way, a faithful member of the First Presbyterian church. When the then somewhat ambitious project of erecting a church building was announced these young men banded together and did everything possible to assist. Wright & Sander, the architects, supplied the plans and superintended the construction work gratis. Other men

chants made donations, and in a comparatively short time the undertaking was complete. The congregation, Rev. Mr. Hall says, was fairly large from the first, but owing to the going and coming of the miners it fluctuated. The majority of permanent members were men, but there were a few ladies who exerted themselves in the interests of the church.

As at the present time church socials were quite common, especially during the winter months, and Rev. Mr. Hall tells a somewhat amusing anecdote in connection with one of these entertainments. It was during the progress of the American Civil war in which the residents of Victoria were much interested, some favoring the north and others the south. Several days before the social a southern gentleman approached the pastor and asked permission to place the flag representing the southern states over the church edifice, promising in return to donate a large cake for the forthcoming affair. Rev. Mr. Hall jokingly consented and shortly afterwards was requested to permit the ensign of the north to be raised over the church, the applicant in this case agreeing to furnish an abundance of refreshment as an acknowledgment. This also was granted.

The news soon spread throughout the town and, as indications were that the auditorium would be unable to accommodate the crowd attending, the young men organized themselves and in one night constructed a gallery. "This," remarked Rev. Mr. Hall, "was the spirit displayed among the young folk at that time, and I think the same enthusiasm is rarely found at present." The social, he said, was a great success. There was no open controversy between the two factions, the only trouble experienced being the strong feeling against the negroes present.

Leaving Victoria Rev. Mr. Hall went to New Zealand and for about three years acted as chaplain to the military settlers in portions of that country which had been captured from the Maoris after a desperate struggle. He then returned to Ireland for twenty years, at the termination of which he set out once more for the Southern Pacific colony. For the last fifteen years Rev. Mr. Hall has been pastor of a Presbyterian church in Westport, New Zealand, a prosperous city with extensive mining resources.

Just before coming north he visited Rotorua, the famous watering resort on Lake Taupo, 170 miles from Auckland. He expressed himself in the strongest terms in speaking of the charms of this place. "If ever you take a long holiday trip visit that place," he stated this morning. It is a section containing numerous hot springs, and a small lake of boiling water from the geyser forces mud and water fully 1,000 feet high at irregular intervals. The waters, he said, contained some peculiar chemical power which effect marvellous cures.

Discussing the changes in the appearance of Victoria, Rev. Mr. Hall said that he couldn't recognize the city. "I can see the geographical points and a few old buildings, but that is all," he remarked. "From a little village it has grown into a good sized paradise with many beautiful residences. Coming direct from New Zealand I notice particularly that the folk of Vancouver are more verdant than that of the south. It is fresher and more pleasing." Rev. Mr. Hall also spoke of the beauty of Beacon Hill park, expressing his intention of spending several days here taking in all points of attraction before proceeding home to Ireland. He will speak to-morrow morning at the First Presbyterian church and in the evening at St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West.

POLICE COURT NEWS.

Thos. Isherwood, Convicted of Appropriating Clothing Which Did Not Belong to Him.

In the police court this morning Thos. Isherwood was convicted of stealing and sentenced to six months in jail. According to the evidence the prisoner had started out to renew his clothes. He was charged with stealing a pair of pants from Nels Johnson, a shirt from J. Norris and a pair of boots from Thos. Rappins. These had been taken from the rooms of the parties at the Ocedental hotel.

Geo. Watson, an old offender, was fined \$5 for being drunk last night. In addition to this offence it was proved that he had broken a window pane in a Chinese business place, and for this he was fined \$12.50, and made liable for \$1.50 for the damage done.

Another drunk forfeited his bail of \$11.

REAL ESTATE DEAL.

(Special to the Times.) Vancouver, June 10.—Harvey Haddon invested another \$100,000 in Vancouver real estate to-day.

AREN'T YOUR WARTS UGLY.

Uglier than sin—of course they are. Why not remove them? "Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor" is all that is necessary. Fifty cents; use proves the merit of "Putnam's." Try it yourself.

**INVEST IT IN GOOD REAL ESTATE**

We are offering lots on Government street, near the Fountain, at from \$450 to \$700, on very easy terms if necessary.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Govt. St.**Suitable Presents for June Weddings**

Carving Sets, in Cases. Table and Dessert Knives, in Ivory and Celluloid Handles, or entirely plated. Tea Spoons, Fruit Knives, Coffee Spoons, etc., nicely cased; and a variety of useful articles at

FOX'S

78 Government St.

BRIEF LOCALS

—A one-sided dog fight between an extremely self-confident fox terrier and a big cinnamon colored mongrel, provided acceptable entertainment to a large party of boys and gentlemen of leisure on Johnson street this morning.

—On Sunday, June 12th, the local lodges of the Knights of Pythias, Victoria, No. 17, and Far West, No. 1, will decorate the graves of the departed brethren. The ceremony will be carried out in a becoming manner. The Fifth Regiment band will be present, and lodges from Nanaimo and elsewhere on the E. & N. line will be asked to join in the procession to the cemetery.

—An interesting lecture was delivered yesterday afternoon by Dr. Ernest Hall before the students and teachers of Victoria College. His subject was "Tuberculosis," and the discourse was profusely illustrated with blackboard drawings. He dealt first with bacteriology, applying its principles to the aforementioned disease. The germ itself was described and the conditions which retard its development outlined. He also referred to the tubercle, and closed with a general reference to the disease, which, he said, was nothing more or less than a germ which, given a fair start, was difficult to eradicate.

—Rev. and Mrs. J. P. Westman, now of Cranbrook, spent a few days last week as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Jacques, of the Vernon News. Rev. Mr. Westman is one of the most popular preachers who ever had charge of the Methodist church in Vernon, and he has a large circle of warm friends and admirers in this community. He took advantage of his visit, not only to renew old acquaintance, but to see something of the country, and expressed himself as delighted with the evidences of progress and advancement on every side. He had had a high opinion of the natural beauties of the vicinity when he resided here, but was more charmed than ever now. On Sunday evening Rev. Mr. Westman conducted the services in the Methodist church, and a large congregation gathered to hear their former pastor.

—There is every reason to expect that the forthcoming Dominion Day celebration at Vancouver will be the most successful ever held there. Two ships of the North Pacific fleet will be in port, and the Fifth Regiment has been invited from Victoria. These, with Vancouver's Sixth Regiment, will enter a good naval and military display. The Pacific Coast International yacht race for the City of Tacoma \$500 trophy and other races for about \$1,000 worth of prizes will be held under the auspices of the Vancouver Yacht Club, on English bay, for which no less than 25 visiting craft have already entered. The lacrosse, baseball and hockey clubs are all arranging strong programmes, which, with the naval sports, gun club shoot, rose show and other attractions should fill up the day. Two great outdoor attractions for the evening will doubtless be the illuminated gasoline launch and the yacht procession on the Inlet that the yacht and rowing clubs have undertaken to provide, and the fireworks display on the harbor, upon which the committee is prepared to spend at least \$1,000.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS FOR THINKERS.

Hard thinkers strain the grey brain matter. Clark's "delicious" Pork and Beans rebuild quickly. 5c. and 10c. tins.

Cozad's Famous Shows

Will exhibit at corner Douglas and Herald streets, Victoria, on Wednesday evening, June 14th, and Thursday afternoon and evening, June 15th.

Grand Street Parade, Wednesday at 5.30 p. m. and Thursday at 11 a. m.

Prices, 15c. and 25c.

BORN.

HARPER—At Roseland, on June 6th, the wife of J. P. Harper, of a son.

SHAW—At Nelson, on June 5th, the wife of Wm. Shaw, of a son.

THOMPSON—At Nelson, on June 6th, the wife of J. T. Thompson, of a son.

CUNNINGHAM—At Vernon, on June 5th, the wife of W. Cunningham, of a daughter.

YOUNG—At Vernon, on June 4th, the wife of D. B. Young, of a son.

MARRIED.

LESLIE-GARVIN—At Vancouver, on June 8th, by Rev. J. K. Wright, Harold G. Leslie and Miss Mary Isabel Garvin.

MAREE-SMITH—At Vernon, on June 2nd, by Rev. T. Muir, O. St. Clair Maree and Neale A. Smith.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—8 heifers and 1 bull, all 18 months old. Apply J. Donegan, Head St.

WANTED—Water. Apply St. Francis Hotel.

WANTED—Sound, quiet horse, about 1,100 pounds, for cash. Apply Melior Bros., Fort street.

THOS. H. PARR, Phlebotomist, Land Surveyor, Five Sisters Block, Victoria.

CHOICE ACHE PROPERTY—Within a mile and a half of City Hall, price \$150, an acre, easy terms. Heisterman & Co.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD—From the cradle to the grave; matters of business, love and marriage made clear; what I tell comes true. Send birth date and sex. Prof. Levas, Box 16, Ste. Censuende P.O., Montreal.

WANTED—South African scrip. Robert Croft Co., Chancery Lane, City.

R. H. NUNN, Constable, Beaufort, Beaumont, General teaming and scavenger. Orders taken by phone, No. M481.

Y. M. C. A. GARDEN PARTY—Wednesday, June 14th, at home of Mrs. Rogers, 55 Fernwood road. "Good musical programme. Afternoon admission free; evening admission, 10 cents.

BOARD WANTED—In the country, for lady and two children, for a few months. Apply A. Peden, 36 Fort street.

FOR SALE—First and second series of "Experiences of a Victorian with Chinese" Gordon's Green Tutorials, illustrated, at 5c. each per book. Poem, "Every Year," 10 cents per copy. Apply only to publisher and printer, J. Y. Margison, Langley street.

FOR SALE—Chance to make money, good 6-roomed house and lot for \$650. A. Williams & Co., Ltd., 104 Yates street.

FOR SALE—100 acres of land in Spanish, will be sold, a big bargain, \$2,000, to an immediate buyer; 100 acres of good level land, will be sold cheap, \$500. A. Williams & Co., Ltd., 104 Yates street.

LOST—On Friday, a cocker spaniel bitch (a child's pet). Reward for return to Savoy Theatre.

TO LET—Small furnished house, sewer connection; rent \$8, including water. Apply 72 North Park street.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at its next sitting, for a transfer of the license held by me, J. M. Hughes, for the sale of wines and liquors upon the premises known as the Queen's Hotel, situated at the northwest corner of Store and Johnson streets, in the City of Victoria, to Simon Leiser, of the City of Victoria.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1905.

J. M. HUGHES.

THE W. M. S. of the Metropolitan Methodist Church will hold a garden party at Mrs. Frank Grant's, Chestnut Ave., on Tuesday, June 13th, afternoon and evening, commencing at 3 p. m. Admission free, but refreshments will be sold; the proceeds given in aid of the Extension Fund. A good programme, among these taking part, Mrs. Gibson Hicks, the Misses Spencer, Miss Justin Gilbert, Miss Richards, Mrs. Stansfield, Miss Bishop and the Sunday School Orchestra.

Notice to Painters

Tenders are called for the execution of external painting at Work Point Barracks. Specifications and bills of quantities can be obtained on application at the office of the Division Officer, Royal Engineers, Work Point Barracks, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Tenders to be submitted to the Officer Commanding Royal Engineers by 12 noon, 19th June, 1905, marked "Tender (Painting)." The War Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. H. FRENCH, Lieut. R. E., Division Officer, Work Point Barracks.

YES!

I will have afternoon tea with YOU at the

Victoria Coffee Parlors

40 BROAD STREET.

They have an excellent menu, and everything is first-class.

Open from 2.30 a. m. to 12 p. m. Sundays from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.



THE DEN

A CAUSERIE
 BY
 An Unfledged Philosopher

No, kind friend, I have not read "The Simple Life," but I have lived it to quite an extent—under compulsion.
 Life—human life—the indefinable striving for expression and development of desires and qualities that have grown from mere sensory appetites—loses simplicity with mankind's progress from the animal, with the child's first step from babyhood.
 From the lowest type of Australian black to the highest brain power that enunciates for our guidance the principles of right living is a span ever-extending from the primal shore of simplicity to infinite complexity—and the complex life is the life that truly lives.
 The body that exercises thousands of muscles—the mind that is receptive to thousands of impressions, the soul that strives in a thousand directions, form together the truest man and fill him with a manifold existence.
 The virtue of simplicity applies only in the directing, guiding and proportioning of impulse and endeavor. To reach a full complexity it is necessary that the innumerable parts that go to make up one's existence be simple—direct—the shortest possible distance between two points.
 Nothing in length and breadth so delicately controls the area it covers, nothing so capable of infinite extension, nothing so complex in its ever-widening series of cross connections, as a cobweb—and nothing so simple as the radii and chords of its construction along whose lines to the centre run messages from "every air."
 Extend the co-ordinates of the spider's web to the three dimensions of space and you have a framework that brings every farthest star and every nearest heartbeat within your ken—a complexity

THE SIMPLE LIFE OF JACK AND JILL

When Jack and Jill long years ago did mount
 The sloping stairway of a hillside trail
 To where some sunken spring or swelling fount
 Gave them wherewith to fill the oaken pail,
 Their troubles were but fleeting. If they fell,
 Not long their sorrow stayed with them—their joy
 Sprang forth refreshed beside that lowered well.
 Where roses grew and birds made merry noise,
 Yon little hill half hid among the trees?
 Tiny—'tis true—but then you see, 'twas there!
 Here Jill kept house and kept all trim with ease—
 Two rooms, a kitchen, and—no weary stairs—
 Sweet honeysuckles graced the entry door
 And chambered o'er the porch—Toward the East
 One lozenge window faced—for few had more.
 In those old days, when plenty was a feast,
 And here at dawn the cunning sunbeams crept
 Thro' leaded panes, to rouse the peaceful pair,
 And here at dusk, ere yet again they slept,
 Thro' wide-sung blinds they breathed the evening air,
 And heard, perchance, the nightingale without,
 Pouring his notes against a starry sky—
 Nor lingered listening long—for fearful doubt
 Of witch and ghost filled those dark nights gone by—
 A patch of ground behind the little house
 Was theirs thro' kindness of the village squire;
 And here Jill daily delved, the while her spouse
 Went to the mill, or worked abroad for hire,
 Not idle he, nor reckless, nor a fool.
 He earned full many a dime—and paid his rent
 With most of it. What matter? As a rule
 In those old days that was the way it went.
 They had good food—enough to keep them both.
 Their health was fair; they knew not doctor's bills.
 So time passed on, and they were nothing loath
 To see small Jacks arrive, and little Jills.
 And these—till eight or ten years old—made shift
 To feed and laugh and play and sleep and grow.
 Then—trapped by poverty and taught by thrift—
 They went to work. The good old days were so.
 Old times have gone—we would not call them back.
 If they were good, to-day is better still.
 The world spreads wider far to John than Jack;
 Richer is Julia's life than that of Jill.
 And of those olden joys—why, still the Rose
 And Honeysuckle bloom—the nightingale
 Sings sweet as ever—although no one goes
 Uphill to fetch water in a pail.

THE DENIZEN.

Our London Letter.

London, May 19.—This is the time of the year when the voice of the church is heard more distinctly than at any other, and clergymen swarm to London from all parts to attend the May meetings and discuss the various problems which vex their clerical souls. An important subject, which was brought under discussion at the diocesan conference, and which the Bishop of London described as "the burning question of the Church of England," was the remarriage of divorced persons in church. The Bishop made it very clear that he objected to remarriage in church after divorce, and pointed out that if divorced persons were not able to bear the penalty of their mistake by remaining unmarried, there was the marriage at the registry office, which leaves their children legitimate, and is absolutely valid by the law of the land. There was a very heated discussion, and a stirring speech was made by the vicar of Kensington, who held that the innocent party should be allowed to remarry in church, and he cited the case of a young bride of 18 who was forced into marrying a wealthy suitor. He had good birth to recommend him, but was a man of the lowest possible moral perception. After the marriage he proved to be a monster of iniquity, and the law mercifully liberated her. Why should the church doors be barred against this young woman? the vicar asked. After further discussion the famous opera passed: "That the English marriage law ought to be so amended as to preclude the marriage in church of any party to a divorce during the lifetime of the other party."

One of the most brilliant nights at the opera was on the occasion of Madame Melba's first appearance and the attractive power of Verdi's opera, "La Traviata," was doubly enhanced by the presence of the famous Australian singer in the cast. Madame Melba sang superbly, and received the homage which is always at her command when she appears before English audiences. It is said that this is one of her favorite parts, giving her splendid voice an opportunity of showing all its beautiful qualities, by the variety of moods it expresses for love, anger and despair are all shadowed in the impassioned music of this famous opera. The audience was a brilliant one, all the fashionable world filling the boxes and stalls, and there had not on any night since the season began been such a display of tiaras and jewels as were sparkling in every direction. Amongst the audience was Madame Patti, looking amazingly young and well and resplendent in diamonds as usual. The "Queen of Song" followed the opera with great interest and warmly applauded her sister artist on all occasions.

Some amazing prices were given for china at the sale of the Huth collection at Christie's this week. A famous Nankin vase, over which enthusiastic collectors have been raving for days, fetched the enormous sum of £5,000. It is about ten inches high, painted with branches of flowering prunes on marbled blue

ground. When this precious vase was held up a buzz of admiration was heard, and the bidding started at £500. The price at which this vase was purchased is all the more remarkable from the fact that about twenty years ago Mr. Huth bought it for £20 from a dealer who had himself got it the day before for 12s. 6d. Another set of three old Nankin oviform vases and cover and a pair of beakers brought £1,500.

Paderewski's London admirers were agreeably surprised to see, on his arrival in London, that he had almost recovered from his recent breakdown. He was looking well after his voyage across the Atlantic, and although he will not be able to play for several months, there is nothing the matter with the famous pianist that a few months' rest will not cure. He is on his way to Switzerland for change and rest, and to get over the effects of his illness, which was the result of nervous shock through a railway accident. The London newspapers made every effort to interview him, but he was quite inaccessible during his short stay here, being too fatigued after his journey. It is reassuring, however, to find that this great artist has so far recovered, especially after the disquieting rumors that had been circulated about his collapse, for it had been hinted that he would never be able to play again. He is to appear in London in October for a short season.

There has been a good deal of discussion lately both in the press and where on the conduct of our public schools from the educational as well as the domestic standpoint, and even the most influential of them have undergone much criticism. Now we find the Bishop of Hereford, who is himself an ex-master of Rugby and founder of Clifton College, giving his views on the subject of public school life for boys. He advocates "home influence," which in the busy and excitement of modern life is apt to be lost sight of. In his opinion boys are sent to boarding schools too early, and he believes it would be much better for mothers to keep their boys at home and teach them for their own part. The harsh discipline of school life should be augmented by home training, and the society of mothers and sisters has a refining influence on a boy's mind. He laid much emphasis on the good work done by the much-caricatured maiden aunt. Very often they take charge of boys while their parents are far away doing the work of the Empire, and their influence is often greater than is ever known or acknowledged.

The eternal woman question is ever to the fore. Lucas Malet, the well known authoress and writer of that much talked of novel, "Sir Richard Carmady," which caused so great a sensation on its publication a year or two ago, has aired her opinions on the subject in the Fortnightly. In a brilliant article called the "Threatened Re-conjunction of Women," she avers that a reaction against the ad-

vanced woman has set in, and that a return to the old-fashioned ideal of womanhood is inevitable. She made some startling statements with regard to the modern girl, going so far as to say that the independence and freedom from restraint which the girl of the period enjoys have become so necessary to her that she looks upon matrimony as an irksome tie, not to be entered into except as a last resource, and very often rules it out of the scheme of existence altogether. Sentiment in any form is abhorrent to her, household duties of any kind beneath her notice. In a word, according to this clever authoress, the girl of today has not a vestige of womanhood left in her. Such opinions have naturally aroused the indignation of the more advanced women writers and journalists, and have brought forth scathing articles from their pens. While, on the other hand, many were more or less in agreement with the novelist. Most people will agree, however, that this picture of the modern girl is slightly exaggerated, and if she exists it must be entirely in the imagination of the writer of the article. None of us recognizes her as a fair sample of the modern girl, who, in reality, is only different from her old-fashioned type in that from contact with the world she has gained a broader outlook and knowledge of life.

Although summer has come in with such a rush, it has not found Londoners unprepared, at least so far as the feminine portion of the population is concerned, for on the first sunny day the fair sex blossomed forth as if by magic in the gayest of summer apparel, and on all sides were to be seen muslin and linen frocks; hats gay with every variety of flowers, leopards and stripes of every shape and shade, panamas, linen hats and so on ad lib. It seemed as if the poor mewed-up Londoner had been looking forward so longingly to the advent of sunshine and flowers that appropriate apparel was lying in readiness to be donned at the first hint of summer. It is every evident that this is to be a "braver season," and it is impossible to imagine anything more entirely suitable for river wear than this season's suggestions. It is expected that the long coat will figure conspicuously this summer in linen tailor makes, and for wearing with muslin frocks. A linen gown of another sort is one that has a blouse coat with color-piped tabs across the front. This idea of piping with a different colored linen makes a pleasant change, and some pretty combinations of coloring can be indulged in. Cerise, mauve or pale blue piping on white, is successful, as is navy on pale blue. The blouse coated linen would be a very pretty river frock with the front of lace or embroidered lawn and color-piping on the tabs. Simplicity is the keynote of our summer garb, and there is a hint that sun-bonnets will be introduced, but this charming and coquettish headgear must be confined entirely to the wigwag, and tabooed by the girl who is wearing the thirties and who does not wish to advertise the fact.

ON LETTER WRITING

(Written for The Times)

I'm consumed with a desire to write—it mustn't be a letter for my friends have all cried, "Oh, spare us further infliction! What have we done to you?"—so it shall be a criticism. I feel a sort of divine right to criticise this subject, for the "little old and shabby" in our claim is forty miles from anyone but My Lady Prairie, and hence the letters which find their way or make it to us are treated pretty much as though they were real, live, responsible creatures. We invest them with a degree of personality (whether or not the writer did) and accept from them all they have to offer, of wit or lore or friendship or pathos or knowledge. Ours being what the strictest moralist would recognize as the much-bemoaned "simple life," every event (and the incoming of mail is an event) has time for expansion to its highest point of consequence before its displacement by another.

But as to letters; one of my lady friends who by the way is charming, refined, and educated within an inch of her life, persists in telling her abate with matter of the moment, subjects suggested by her surroundings at the time of writing (always including a detailed weather paragraph)—and this, knowing that her letters are not read till three weeks afterward. Now a meal or a headache, or a rain shower may or may

not be interesting in its primal glory, and to the partakers thereof, but it certainly requires an Irving, or a Chesterton, or a Quiller-Couch to make it seem very significant a month after its passing, and to someone five hundred miles from the neighborhood of that particular dinner or pain or downfall!

A semi-occasional letter which rangles and stings reaches me from a thoroughly sane and eminently thoughtful university friend. He's a dear man and a hard student, and a right good comrade, but—but—he does not remember that I'm interested in him rather than in the college of his choice. He writes reams about the receptions and campaigns and societies and debates, but never adds a dash of commentary upon it all, nor a flake of a suggestion as to how he deports himself at any hour of the week, nor a ghost of a hint that he has any care regarding what transpires beyond those college precincts. It's not Christian-like, and I'm sure there aren't "extenuating circumstances."

But away up in the Rockies in a mining town beyond the Crow's Nest lives a busy, bright mistress of a boarding house who, in spite of all the soups and broths and biscuits to be made, does not let her pen lose its cunning. She's a Latter Day Saint and a Salt Laker and

signs her missives Sister So-and-So; and let me tell you about her letters, as fragrant and crisp and tempting as one of her own bowls of salad. There'll be a generous spoonful of sentiment to begin with—a delicate expression of staunch friendship; or a reference to the dances, and the vigils, and the snow storms we've lived through together in other days; or a pretty quotation which words her thought no happily than she thinks she can word it. Then will come items about her own doings—not large, meaningless vaguenesses, but a humorous description of a neighbor, or a glowing picture of a sunset, or a lively scene in which she may have figured with Chong, her dish washer. And the baby's newest speech must be re-told, and mention made of her older boys. Perhaps a page will follow concerning a new book she's been dipping into and wants to share with her friends who find the same literature toothsome; a graceful wish for your happiness and good luck, then a carcase, and a farewell; a drop of salt perfume, or a rose blossom; and I think it is wasted away with a hope that it may gladden the reader for an hour. This sort of letter is more welcome than gifts, and I would that the art of writing thoroughly satisfying letters were more easily mastered. Quaker Colony, Battiford, Sask.

NOT MUCH OF A PROCESSION.

A Dublin friend tells me of an amusing incident he witnessed there one day in O'Connell street.

An old woman was standing on the curbstone with a bundle of laces in her hand, when she was in vain trying to get rid of it. Every time she offered her goods and met with a refusal, her mottos were by no means inaudible; and as she was mistress of a comprehensive vocabulary, the declining purchaser was made aware of his deficiencies as a gentleman in a way there was no mistaking.

At last an elderly gentleman came along, and upon being accosted by the old dame, he took out a sixpence and put it into her hand, at the same time saying he would not want the laces. "May the saluts preserve you, sir," she

exclaimed, "an' may every hair of your head be a candle to light your way to glory."

"I'm afraid, madam," he returned, raising his hat and showing an absolutely bald crown, "it won't be much of a torchlight procession.—To-day."

IS DEATH PAINFUL?

The immediate cause of death, in all but very exceptional cases, such as accident, is the poisoning of the nervous centres by carbonic acid, which accumulates in the blood owing to the failure of the arrangements for its removal. The gas, let us mark, is an anaesthetic, and has, indeed, been employed as such, both locally and otherwise. This property of carbonic acid may be tested, says Dr. Saleeby, in the Academy, "a merciful

provision of Nature." Normal death, if the phrase be permitted, is a painless occurrence, usually preceded by gradual loss of consciousness entailing no more suffering than going to sleep. The accumulation of this merciful gas often induces muscular contractions or spasms, which are preceded by loss of consciousness, but which may have suggested to uncritical observers that their moribund subject was in "agonies." It is not merely that the pain of death is trifling as compared with the physical pain of a neuralgia, it is non-existent.

Durban has a large and growing export trade in coal and other colonial produce. Last year the output of coal from the colony was 800,000 tons; and in January of this year 81,500 tons were raised from the local collieries.

"TO QUOQUE"

Captain Clive Philipps-Wolley's Poem in London Post.

The Morning Post of May 12th publishes a poem contributed to that paper by Clive Philipps-Wolley, of Pier Island. The sentiment contained in the poem is intensely national and comes as an answer to the question asked by the Motherland, "Are the Colonies Loyal to the Empire?" Capt. Wolley holds pronounced views and in turn really asks the Motherland if she has been loyal to the Empire. Capt. Wolley has previously given expression to the idea that the Motherland should avoid the mistaken notion that the British Empire is synonymous with the British Islands. Loyalty should be the empire as a whole and not the centre of that empire.

The editor of the Morning Post, F. Wade, has spoken very enthusiastically of the poem, which has been copyrighted by the Post, and the Times is enabled to publish it by special permission.

The Morning Post has given a great deal of attention to Canadian matters, especially under the editorship of Mr. Wade. A series of articles is appearing in that paper in connection with Kinloch Cook's scheme for sending colonists to this country.

Special writers for the Morning Post are not unfamiliar to Victorians, as Fred Knight and Mr. Osborne from that paper have at times visited here and written articles concerning Victoria, B. C.

Capt. Wolley is a regular contributor to the Post.

The poem referred to above is as follows:

"They are asking in England whether loyalty is inculcated in the schools of Canada. Lord Minto has recently answered for us—!"

"TO QUOQUE"

Brother, you ask too often. We have heard
 Aye, and have answered as became our breed;
 Not tashly with empty word
 But by assurances of costly deed.
 Are we not loyal? When your first-born went
 Did we lose less than you? Beggared, were our necks bent?
 We do not pay our share to guard the State?
 You gave us—What? Erre leave to find and found
 An Empire for you. You were great.
 Your waste ones made you greater. The world round
 Flies England's flag; the law of England runs;
 The lands are held in trust by England's younger sons.
 Having no voice in council. Even now
 Tottering beneath the load which makes you great
 You call us to a puppet show?
 Afraid hot Youth should venture in debate
 To blurt the truth you fear: the truth we know
 That you must shrink and die, or with us live and grow.
 Nay, are you loyal? Brook the impertinence,
 'Tis but your coin returned, if we speak free.
 Is there no tax except in pence?
 In lives and labor have we paid no fee?
 Loyal! Nay, ye forget. Ye are but part
 There is an Empire now. Your isle should be its heart.
 The truest loyalty to Britons known
 Is to the Mighty Empire which is built
 World-wide though centred round the Throne,
 Disloyalty to Kith and That is guilt.
 Your sea-schooled sires who ruled in ham and tun
 Taught each to share with all, taught all to bear for one.
 England, awake! Stir from your moiled ease!
 There is no backward way: if you do cower
 Before a fate too mighty, seas
 May murmur in the future of a Power
 Which ruled them once, but Britain's day is done.
 United we can rule them all, divided we rule none.
 There is a Voice 'now crying in your streets
 Which if ye hear will save a nation's soul
 Ope' the Pacific to your fleets,
 Give you World-Empire; make your hungry, whole;
 Raise beyond reach the flag ye would have furled.
 You bid us pay our share—unite and share The World.

CLIVE PHILLIPPS-WOLLEY.
 Pier Island, B. C.

BALFOUR BEAT FISHERMEN.

Ten Scottish fishermen went from Inverloch to London as guests of Mr. Macdonnell, M. P., to play Premier Balfour and nine other parliamentarians on the 1st of April. They were beaten, says the Daily Mirror, but will return to their fishing village on the right ear of Scotland. "proud men this day."

Each man has had added to his "bog o' sticks" a brown new club, presented by his opponent in the memorable match.

On the driver which he gave to "Joe" Buchanan, the Prime Minister wrote in ink: "To George Buchanan, from Arthur James Balfour, April 1st, 1905." "That," said Joe, as his mates call him, "thanking Mr. Balfour, 'is the best April joke ever practised on me. I'll keep it till my dying day, and I'll not be for playing 'it' in for fear it should come by sight." It's a most kind of ye, sir, wasn't it? I'm thinking I didn't deserve it, for ye've given us a bad beating."

The House of Commons won three "four-fours" to two in the forenoon, and in the afternoon they won all the five matches, thus making them victorious by 8 to 2. Balfour's 11-Play.

About three hundred men, women and children followed Mr. Balfour in the afternoon, leaving the other "four-fours" unserved.

In all respects the players were more interesting than their play.

The quiet demeanor of the men in blue, with their broad shoulders and rounded backs, contrasted with the giant figure of the Prime Minister; his salt-white hair, gathered under an old brown cap that might have been fashionable twenty years ago; his golden jacket giving at the seams from much swinging and bending; and his robust features drawn with the vexations of office.

To know how the game was going it was only necessary to watch Mr. Balfour. When the fishermen got in front he became alert and anxious, occasionally standing with crossed legs in a pained reverie that would have gratified Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman.

man had the source of concern been the fate of the government instead of the fate of a golf match.

Pleased Fishermen.

When leading during the afternoon the Prime Minister was a changed man.

Once, as he stood wagging his iron club after pitching the ball into a bunker, he said to his partner: "Do you know, Eric, I once went on waggling my club like this for a fortnight after a tooth." Mr. Hambro roared with laughter, and Mr. Balfour's eyes flashed fun.

The fishermen wondered whether they, too, might laugh, but blushed instead. "Will" Whyte, the skipper of the golf team, speaking of the club incident, delivered himself thus: "Fanny—me—and the heads of the British government, 'fittin' en'tin' together. It would be a grand subject for an oil painting. These gentlemen were a Kings and Princes of Wales and didn't know it."

The fishermen would have liked to challenge the House of Commons to a return match at Inverloch, but feared that was "out o' the question for likes o' us."

According to documents found in the archives of Bismarck, the discovery of America by Columbus cost a little over \$7,000. The fleet of Columbus was worth about \$3,000. His salary was \$200 a year.

Pond's Extract

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 A teaspoonful in a glass of
 water in the morning.

25¢ and 60¢ a bottle.

BALEFOUR ON THE DEFENCE OF THE BRITISH ISLES

The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour made one of the most important speeches delivered by him since he assumed the Premiership, in the British Commons on May 11th, the subject being Imperial defence. That part relating to the defence of the British Isles is as fascinating as a new puzzle when presented in Mr. Balfour's words. As reported in the Times, he said in part:

You will find that great soldiers in the sixteenth century believed the invasion of England possible; great continental as well as great British soldiers; and you will find that British soldiers did not believe it possible. If you go down the stream of time, you come to an exactly similar state of things during the Napoleonic wars. There is no doubt that Napoleon conceived that invasion of these islands was possible. No man studying to be a general, or a statesman, or a politician, could accept the hypothesis put forward by some historians that the materials, the men, and the ships which Napoleon assembled at Boulogne early in the last century were merely a feint to distract some other power. It is certain that Napoleon believed invasion to be possible; and it is equally certain that Nelson believed it to be impossible. (Hear, hear.)

The Iron Duke Alarmed.

You come a generation later; and you find the Duke of Wellington, in the forties, in a very famous communication which was made public at the time, expressing the most serious alarm in terms almost pathetic in their intensity, as to the safety of these islands from invasion from across the Channel. Sailors, I believe, have been wavering in their opinion. I am not aware of any considerable naval authority who has ever held that serious overseas invasion is a thing of which we need be greatly afraid. (Hear, hear.) But that was the state of things which we found unaltered when we took up the subject, and it appeared to us, I do not say that agreement could be come to, but something nearer agreement than ever had been come to before, if we could lay down a specific and concrete problem for discussion by our expert advisers—a problem which, if extreme in its character, should be extreme against this country, and should assume things far worse than they are ever likely to be, but a problem which should not belong either to the hypothesis advocated by the extreme military or to those of the extreme naval school. I will explain what the hypothesis was which we devised in order to attempt to bring this matter, I will not say to a conclusion which would satisfy everybody, but which would at any rate satisfy every practical man who came to devote his mind to the subject. We thought that we were going far enough in devising a hypothetical state of things adverse to this country, if we assumed that our army was abroad upon some overseas expedition and that our organized fleets were absent from home waters. I do not see that we could be asked to go much further than that. (Hear, hear.)

A Case in Point.

Then the question arises, What exactly do you mean by the army being occupied in some overseas expedition, and what do you mean exactly when you say that your organized fleets are absent from home waters? How do you translate these two statements into concrete figures? We thought that we could not go far enough far wrong as regards the army if we assumed our military position to be what it was during the few days—four or five—of the worst moment, from this point of view, of the South African war. As the House is aware, that war threw a strain upon our military resources quite unexpected in its magnitude, and the end of February or the beginning of March, 1900, was the lowest point reached during the whole of the war from the point of view of military defence at home; and as we were at the moment straining every nerve in meeting the unexpected crisis 7,000 miles away, it did not seem to us that it was otherwise than a reasonable hypothesis to take as showing the lowest depth which we were ever likely to reach in home defence. The actual state of the home army at the beginning of that week—because the position improved afterwards—was as follows: We had 17,000 infantry and cavalry and 26 batteries of artillery; and that was the regular force that we had at home in organized units. We had 141,000 volunteers who would, under the existing organization, be used for garrison, and there were 85,000 militiamen, and there were soldiers under arms, soldiers at, and soldiers insufficiently trained, who were not in any organized units at all. As regards the volunteers, their number was large, but, from the point of view of a field army, they were not organized, and there was not in the country at that time any machinery for organizing them. There was no headquarters staff and no arrangements for instantaneously using them as a field army. Though no doubt, with sufficient notice, that organization could be improved more or less, it did not exist at the precise psychological moment to which I ask the House to direct its attention. That is what we mean by saying that our army is absent on an overseas expedition.

Of Somewhere into Space.

and who have gone through all those peace evolutions which are the necessary prelude to war. We should have at home besides, irrespective of the organized fleets of which I speak, the 12 cruisers which cruise in home waters; there would be 24 destroyers in commission; and there would be in reserve with nucleus crews, ready for very rapid action, no less than 35 more torpedo-boats proper.

At the Very Worst.

That would be the position if our organized fleets were away. But I am ready to take the hypothesis even at a lower level than I have put it; because, when this subject was first examined by the defence committee, the new Admiralty plan was not in operation, and the reserve squadron ships, though they existed, could not be counted on at that time for rapid action and mobilization—rapid action and mobilization being action and mobilization measured not in days, but in hours. I have omitted from that enumeration submarine boats, on which no doubt expert opinion may differ, but which, I believe, are destined to be of great importance, if not in naval warfare generally, yet in that part of naval and military warfare which consists in an attempt to land soldiers in crowded seas upon a hostile coast. (Hear, hear.) I have now

described the actual condition of Great Britain and Ireland at what seems to me its moment of greatest possible weakness; a moment of weakness which we did reach for a few days, as regards the army during the South African war, but which we have never reached, or nearly reached, I am glad to say, as regards the navy. At all events, the problem, it will be noticed, is a precise problem. The question that we did put to our military advisers was a precise question, and it was this: Given that Great Britain was reduced to the position which I have described, what is the smallest number of men with which, as a forlorn hope, if you please, some foreign country would endeavor to invade our shores?

How to Get Across.

Observe, I say, "What is the smallest number of men?" That may seem a paradoxical way of putting the question, but it is the true way. (Hear, hear.) We are apt in comparing the defensive power or offensive power of Great Britain and her great military neighbors, to compare the number of our soldiers with the number of theirs, and to say, "If they can get across the sea, how could we hope to resist the masters of those insuperable legions?" But, sir, that is not the problem. The problem is how to get across the sea and land on this side; and inasmuch as that difficulty, which thinkers of all schools must admit—the extreme military school will admit it as well as the extreme Blue Water School—inasmuch as that difficulty of getting men over increases in an automatic ratio with every new transport you require, and every augmentation you make to the landing force, it becomes evident that the problem which a foreign general has to consider is not "How many men would I like to have in England in order to conquer it?" but "With how few men can I attempt the conquest?" (Hear, hear.) Very well, I have made that clear to the House. The answer which was given by Lord Roberts, and accepted by all the other military bristles whom it was our duty to consult, was that he did not think it would be possible to make the attempt with less than 70,000 men; those men to be lightly equipped as regards artillery and as regards cavalry, because, of course, horses and guns are the things which most embarrass officers responsible for transport, embarkation and disembarkation.

A Forlorn Hope.

Now, I make no pronouncement upon the figure of 70,000 men. I am not in a position to do so; but Lord Roberts was distinctly of opinion that for 70,000 men to attempt to take London—which is, after all, what would have to be done if there was to be any serious impression or crushing effect produced—was of opinion that was in the nature of a forlorn hope. The committee, therefore, will see that we have got one stage further in the argument; and the problem now is, is it possible, with the fleet and with the military defences in the state I have described, is it possible to land 70,000 men on these shores? Sir, may I be permitted to re-emphasize the question in the most direct shape, but not to interrupt it with anything which is irrelevant, to point out here that in this way of stating the problem, we avoid all the controversies raised by what are called the "Blue Water School," because we assume that there are home defences, and it is necessary that we should assume that there are home land defences. If this country can be conceived as being as helpless as, let us say, some islands in the South Seas, where the inhabitants know not even the humblest arts of war, why, I suppose 5,000 men, if they

could get on shore, if they could squeeze a way through the navy, could march from end to end of the island, as white men have marched from end to end of Australia, unresisted by the blacks. But, of course, that is a state of things which does not exist, and cannot exist. Some people put a dilemma. Either the navy can absolutely stop an invasion—if so, why do you ask anybody to learn the use of the rifle; or else the navy cannot stop an invasion, and then you must have a force at home competent to deal with a foreign force. But those dilemmas are very misleading. (Cheers.) And not only that, but they lead in this case to a completely false impression.

The Question of Landing.

The difficulty of invasion depends upon the men that have to be landed, the number of men that have to be landed depends chiefly on the difficulties they will find when they come to be landed, and, therefore, some home force is an essential part of the argument I am advancing, and however little I may personally believe in the possibility of evading the British fleet, I do not ask them to accept any conclusions at that point at all; I do not ask them to accept the doctrine of the Blue Water School in any shape whatever; but I ask them to take the problem as I have given it, namely, an insignificant body of regular troops here, and an unorganized body of persons with some knowledge of arms, while we suppose that the enemy will require at least 70,000 men to reach London. If the House agree with the committee they will assent to the view that we have stated the problem in a very concrete and very moderate shape, and yet a shape which, if answered satisfactorily from our point of view, will

relieve everybody's mind. (Cheers.) Having got so far let me observe that since the days in which I have alluded earlier, the old days of Nelson and Wellington, there have been great scientific changes which all think make in favor of defence—(hear, hear)—and I particularly notice two of them. One is the use of steam and the other is the use of wireless telegraphy.

When Bony Tried It.

When Napoleon was collecting his legions near Boulogne the British fleet was, of course, watching him; but it was no doubt possible for the panic-monger of those days, if panic-monger there was, to say, "If the fleet can reach the scene of action in time, no doubt they will absolutely prevent any landing on these shores. But suppose a dead calm or head wind prevented the fleet from coming up, how do you know Napoleon could not land a sufficient number of men to make resistance impossible?" I will not argue whether that could happen in those days or not, but it certainly cannot happen now. Steam makes for concentration, and concentration can be effected with wireless facilities now by means of wireless telegraphy. (Hear, hear.) It is not necessary now that our ships should be in port or near a land telegraph station, or should be kept in close touch with the shore; it is sufficient if the cruisers which I have described as always remaining in home waters should always keep within the range of wireless telegraphy in order to concentrate at any moment at the point of danger. But there are two other changes introduced by the torpedo and the submarine which must qualify the extreme doctrine of the command of the sea which used to be held, and perhaps is sometimes still held, by the so-called Blue Water School.

Other Factors Now.

The command of the sea at one time really meant the command of the sea, of the whole of the ocean waves up to the shore, and superiority in battleships gave that command. But it does not give it now in the same full sense, and I do not believe that any British Admiral, even though our fleets rode unchallenged in every part of the world, would view with serenity the task of conveying and guarding during hours of disembarkation a huge fleet of transports on a coast infested by submarines and torpedo-boats. (Hear, hear.) And let it be remembered, no strength in battleships has the slightest effect in diminishing the number of hostile torpedo craft and submarines. A battleship can drive another battleship from the sea; it cannot drive a fast cruiser because a fast cruiser can always evade it. A strong and fast cruiser can drive a weak and slow cruiser from the sea; but neither cruisers nor battleships can drive from the sea, or from the coast, I ought to say—(hear, hear)—either submarines or torpedo destroyers which have a safe shelter in neighboring harbors and can infest the coast altogether out of reach of the battleship, which is very likely to be much more afraid of them than they have reason to be of her. These are great changes, and they are changes which nearly touch the particular problem on which I am asking the committee to concentrate their attention—the problem whether it is possible, under the conditions named, to land 70,000 troops on these islands.

The Real Difficulties.

To proceed now to the precise difficulties which an invader will have to deal with. He has first got to transport—I am obliged to suppose from what follows, whether I like it or not, that our enemy in this case is France, because, as the problem is a problem of invasion, I am bound to take as the potential invader the great nation which

is nearest to us and from which invasion would be most easy. (Hear, hear.) I need not tell the House that the last thing in the world I regard as possible is an invasion by France—(cheers)—but everybody will agree that in taking a concrete instance, I am obliged, whether I like it or not, to take that country, friendly though it be. How is France going to get the transport for 70,000 men? If it is a matter of long and open preparation, then it is clear that we cannot suppose that our fleet have gone on this wild goose chase. We must suppose, therefore, that it is a fairly rapid proceeding. On a particular day in last year it appears there were in French ports on the Channel and on the Atlantic steamers of about 100,000 tons under the flag of the French. I do not quite see how, if the matter is to be a matter of surprise, the French government could count on more than the ships they actually had in port at the time. But 100,000 tons is absolutely insufficient to carry 70,000 men. The calculation that the Admiralty favor is that for such a force you would require 250,000 tons. I am informed, however, that some experiments made by French authorities a year or two ago indicate that perhaps that estimate may be too high, and that it would be possible to carry out the operations with 210,000 tons. I do not know whether the right hon. baronet the member for the Forest of Dean differs from that calculation.

Sir C. Dilke—I only say the Turks send all their reinforcements on a very different scale.

Mr. Balfour—if the right hon. baronet takes that view—

Sir C. Dilke—I am not offering it as an argument; I do not differ from the argument.

The Tonnage Required.

Mr. Balfour—I am dealing with the information supplied to me by those whom I have cross-examined, and who, I think, are well qualified to judge, and they think 210,000 tons is a low estimate of the amount of tonnage required. Whether that be right or whether it be wrong, it is plain that the steam tonnage in the Atlantic and Channel ports of France at any given moment is wholly insufficient to carry that number of men. I do not believe it would carry more than half. It is no small matter to collect these transports, even if they had them, in some harbor. The nearest harbor available is Cherbourg, which is a very bad harbor in which to make such arrangements, because it is entirely exposed to view, and operations could not be carried on in secrecy. Brest would offer very much better facilities. Does the right hon. gentleman agree with me? (Sir C. Dilke—Hear, hear.) Then Brest is quite as far from any point where a landing is likely to be attempted, and every mile you add to the distance exposes this huge fleet of transports—if you have them—to the attacks of torpedo boats, and that irrespective of the strength of the convoy.

Element of Time.

It would be quite impossible to carry out the operation of transporting 70,000 men from Brest, or even from Cherbourg in daylight. Some hours of darkness there must be, in which protection would be almost or quite impossible against the species of attack to which they would then be exposed. Assume them to have reached our coast, I ought, perhaps, to say that by the time they reached our coast the alarm would long since have been given to every ship between the Faroe Islands and Gibraltar, and every ship available, every cruiser, torpedo boat, destroyer, every craft that could be made available for resisting invasion, would be concentrated at the point of danger, and when this huge convoy reached the point of danger, what is it to do? Dispersing 70,000 men on a coast like the coast between Portsmouth and Dover is not a very easy operation, and, above all, it is not a quick operation. I do not believe anybody will estimate the time it would take at less than 48 hours. My advisers say that is a most accurate estimate. Forty-eight hours involves two nights. In the event of weather is required. The operation cannot be carried out or attempted except in calm weather. That is exactly the time at which, if torpedo boats or submarines get their chance, they have that chance in the greatest perfection. How does anybody imagine that this fleet of in-expert transports, which could not be provided with nets, because nets cannot be provided, as the ships have to be structurally ready for attack, and how is it possible that this helpless mass of transports could escape the attacks of these torpedo boats and submarines, putting out of account everything that cruisers, battleships, or any other naval weapon at our disposal could accomplish? The thing is impossible.

A Desperate Enterprise.

Conceive the position of the invading soldiers—the pick, no doubt, of the invader's army. It is not as if they were fighting for glory on a stricken field. Packed in these transports, commanded not by men of the French army, but by ordinary merchant captains, not knowing when, or where, or how the attack would take effect, knowing only that if it did not effect it would mean the sudden hurling into infinity of a whole helpless regiment of soldiers—does anybody think that is an enterprise which would be undertaken by any sane person? I do not know whether we have the right to measure the courage of our opponents by our own or their readiness to take responsibility by that of our own naval officers, but I am certain there is no Admiral in the British fleet and never has been an Admiral in the British fleet who would undertake a task such as I have supposed. If a French admiral were to have committed to him the expedition which I have endeavored to draw in imagination, he could not protect the transports, he could not even protect his own ships, if they were obliged to lie there in positions perfectly well ascertained, absolutely known, within a few miles of torpedo stations of our own, two days and two nights. Why, it is not the transports alone that would suffer loss and destruction in that time. If the protecting fleet failed, did not suffer some great calamity while they were lying helpless off this shore, our authorities have very greatly overrated the efficiency both of torpedo craft and the submarine. The committee will perhaps think I have gone into sufficient detail; I have missed out some details, but I think I have said enough to show that we have really endeavored to put to ourselves the problem in a very concrete form. We have not gone into generalities about the command of the sea or the superiority of our fleet, or the difficulty of that difficulty; we have endeavored to picture to ourselves a case, a case which is very unfavorable to this country, and have shown at least to our satisfaction that on that hypothesis, unfavorable as it is, serious invasion of these islands is not an eventuality which we need seriously consider. (Cheers.)

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SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
SHAWNIGAN LAKE

The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort outside of Victoria. Twenty-eight miles' ride on E. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koon's.

Mrs. A. KOENIG, Proprietress

The Victoria Tourist's Favorite Road for Horse, Wheel or Motor

GOLDSTREAM HOTEL
ON THE E. & N. RAILWAY.

Surrounded by lanes and walks unequalled for variety and scenery. LARGE AND AIRY BEDROOMS. FIRST-CLASS TABLE. MODERN CONVENIENCES.

Rates by Day, Week or Month and for Families. Picnic and Camping Parties specially catered for. Short orders at any time of day.

J. R. DOWNES, - - - Proprietor

Occidental Hotel
COR. WHARF AND JOHNSON STS.

V. H. WETMORE, Prop.

American and European Plan. Special rates for family and by month.

FREE BUS

BOATS FOR HIRE ON SOMENOS LAKE.

QUAMICHAN HOTEL
FRANK CONRUPT, Proprietor
HEADQUARTERS FOR TOURIST AND COMMERCIAL
DUNCANS STATION, B. C.

SEEING VICTORIA

Tourists will find that the most enjoyable way to see the most picturesque portions of the city and environs is by the popular Tally-Ho Coach, which leaves the Tourist Association Rooms and Hotel every afternoon at 2 o'clock. Take along your camera and secure charming views of gardens, fields, sea and snow-capped mountains. To reserve seats telephone 129. VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., LTD., 19, 21, 23 Broughton St., Foot of Broad.

EXCURSIONS

It is not generally known that the Islands of the Gulf of Georgia have been proclaimed to be even more beautiful than the Thousand Islands of the St. Lawrence. To take the morning train out of Victoria, connecting with the Inland at Sidney for the Islands, returning the same day, is a most delightful outing.

FOR INFORMATION TEL. 511.

HOTEL ST. FRANCIS

Victoria's Elegantly Appointed Hostelry

MAYNE ISLAND HOTEL
Beautiful Summer Resort and Fishermen's Quarters.
Rates \$1.00 per Diem.
Take V. & S. R.R. or C. P. R. S.S.
GOOD BOATING AND BATHING.
CAYZER BROS. - - - Proprietors

Chancery Chambers

A few offices are still open for selection in the new block on Bastion Square. Fire-proof vaults, electric light and hot water.

Apply on the premises (or Box 152) to Messrs. Gore & McGregor.

ST. ALICE HOTEL

WHY PATRONIZE FOREIGN RESORTS?
Near home and in your own province are the celebrated

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS

Noted as pleasure resort and famous for the curative properties of the Mineral Waters in Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver and Stomach Diseases, etc.

Rates—\$2.00 to \$3.00 daily; \$12.50 to \$17.50 weekly, according to location of room in Annex or Hotel. Coaches meet all trains.

BUY YOUR TICKETS FOR AGASSIZ.

Address all inquiries to THE MANAGER, ST. ALICE HOTEL, HARRISON HOT SPRINGS, B. C.

The Daily Times Has All the News

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 per acre for bituminous coal. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of one penny per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end and on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim must be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$10.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. Where the claim is expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other regulations, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior for claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 24 per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—Placer mining claims generally are 100 ft. square, entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either 100 ft. square or 100 ft. long and 100 feet wide extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 300 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate low-water.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, and shall pay one lease or dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction—is sufficient to place claim for \$100 per mile for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory—Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory—On the Yukon River and its tributaries, not exceeding 250 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, and shall be obtained within ten days. If the claim is within ten miles of Mining Recorder's office, One additional day for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party staking the claim is a locator, on the output of which the royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by staking jointly and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.

A certificate that work has been done may be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum—All unappropriated Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory, are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospecting an area of 1,500 acres for such period as he may decide, the length of which shall not exceed three times the breadth. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, he shall be entitled to establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well, will be sold to the Government for \$1 an acre, and the remainder of the tract reserved, namely, 1,280 acres, will be sold at the rate of \$5 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, Dept. Interior.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

Notice is hereby given that the reservation covering Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Group, notice of which was published in the British Columbia Gazette, on the 20th January, 1904, has been cancelled, and that Crown lands thereon will be open to sale, pre-emption and other disposition under the provisions of the Land Act, on and after the 21st July next.

W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 29th April, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at their next sitting, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell by retail wine and liquors upon the premises known as the Oriental Hotel, situated at the corner of Yates Street and Oriental Alley, in the City of Victoria, to Robert Courtney Carvill and Frank John Evans, of this city. Dated this 25th day of May, 1905. (Sgd.) MARGARET MARY M'KEON.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at their next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of my license for the sale of wine and liquors at retail upon the premises situate at the southwest corner of Blanchard and Johnson streets, in the City of Victoria, to William Jordan, of this city. Dated this 3rd day of May, 1905. BURT GOGG.

Children's Column.

FOR A LITTLE CHILD.

Make a fairy arway for her,
Wrought of interlacing branches,
And the blue mosaic showing
Of the winter sky.

Make a fairy palace for her,
Built of soft grey mist and shadows,
Here and there a sunbeam glowing
When she passes by.

Make a fairy garden for her,
Where the tiny flowers of fancy
Shall be blooming, shall be growing,
Tender-hued and shy.

Make a fairy pathway for her,
Leading far from dusty high road,
Whereon she enraptured going
May fair dreams deary.

—L. A. C., in Westminster Gazette.

"I AM THE FAMILY CAT."

To "Fellie," From a Cat-Loving Friend.
I can fold up my claws
In my soft velvet paws,
And purr in the sun
Till the short day is done;
For I am the family cat.

I can doze by the hour
In the vine-covered bow,
Winking and blinking
Through sunshine and shower;
For I am the family cat.

In the cold winter's night,
When the ground is all white,
And the icicles shine
In a long silver line,
I stay not to shiver
In the moonbeams' pale quiver;
But curl up in the house
As snug as a mouse,
And play Jack Horner
In the coldest corner,
Breaking nobodies laws,
With my chin on my paws;
Asleep with one eye and
Awake with the other;
For I am the family cat.
—From The Cat Journal.

A HOME PICTURE.

By Louise B. Baker.

Oh! the happy little home when the sun
Shone out,
And the busy little mother got the children
All about;
And Johnny fetched the water and Tommy
Brought the wood,
And Billy-boy tied both his shoes, as every
Lad should—
And Dannie rocked the cradle with a clatter
And a song,
To make the little sister grow so pretty
And so strong.

Oh! the sweet peas and the morning-glories
Climbing round the door,
And the tender vine of shadow with its
Length across the floor,
Oh! the "pinks" and the roses, and the
Quiver of the grass,
And the cheery call of friendship from the
Neighbors as they pass!

Oh! the scuffle and the shouting, and the
Little mother's laugh
As a rabbit starts up somewhere, and her
"Great helps" scamper off.
Oh! the happy little home when the twilight
Fell,
And all along the meadow rang the old cow
Bell
With a tinkle that is music through the
Rushing of the years—
And I see the little mother in the tremble
Of the tears.

And I hear her happy laughter as she cries:
"The boys have come!"
And we know she's getting supper in the
Happy little home.
Oh! the happy little home when the moon
Gleamed forth,
And Billy-boy would have it that it "rised
In the north."
Oh! the raptures and the whispers near the
Little mother's chair,
As the white-robed little figures are fitting
Here and there,
And we're just as near to heaven as we
Mortals ever roam,
When we kneel and say our prayers in the
Happy little home.
—Locomotive Engineers' Journal.

THE SWALLOW'S HOME-COMING.

A voice reached the swallows—a voice
That said the time had come to leave the
bleating sun and the heavy, fragrant bloom.
Homeward they would have to fly,
Across the burning sands of the desert,
Across the deep salt ocean, to the country
where the boughs of the apple tree were
blushing pinkly under the apple smiles of spring.

"Come, my daughter," said an old swallow
to her young one, a bird who had made
but one journey across the sea, "come, and
I will show you where leaves are peeping
greenly, where daisies and hollers are blue
with bluebells, where meadows are jeweled

with cowslips. Come, it is time to depart."
"Nay, mother," replied the young swallow,
"when we left that land the sky was
cold and grey, and as the leaves fell heavy
raindrops fell like tears. Let us stay here
in the sunshine. Why must we depart?"
"Something, I know not what, is calling
me," said the mother. "Something that
bids me seek the nest under the old red
eaves, where last summer we found joy
and happiness. Come, now, I may not
stay."

"They spread their wings, and rose in the
warm air; swift and sure as an arrow they
took their flight. Beneath them, bright and
blue, stretched the ocean, and the ships
sailed upon it, but the swallows left them far behind.

The morning sun called to the daisies in
the meadows to open their eyes, and to the
dandelion to unfold its tassel of kingly gold.
It shone upon the red roof and windows of
a cottage, from which a childish face looked
forth.

"Mother," cried a happy voice, "the
swallows have come again!"
—F. E. Dagdale.

RIDDLES.

When is a window like a star?—When it
is a sky-light.

What is that which you cannot hold ten
minutes, although it is light as a feather?
—Your breath.

Why is a pig with a curly continuation
like the ghost of Hamlet's father?—Because
he "can't take a fold."

When is a fish out of his element?—When
he rises and takes a fly.

What islands ought to be good singers?
—Why, the Canaries, of course.

What vegetable products are the most
important in history?—Dates.

What is the greatest instance of cannibal-
ism on record?—When a rash man ate a
trasher.

What roof covers the most noisy tenant?
—The roof of the mouth.

MOTHER'S MONEY.

He looked so poor and so cold. Poor little
boy, he wanted a thicker coat to keep him
dry, the steady rain had long since pene-
trated his shabby boots. And his hands
were, oh, so black! It was no wonder that
the flowers he carried were black, too. Cer-
tainly the lilacs of the valley and the snow-
drops had once been white, but were no
longer, and the violets looked the worse for
having been hawked through the wet
streets all day.

It was no wonder a lady noticed the for-
lorn little figure pattering along in the rain,
and she felt so sorry for him she could not
help saying: "What do you want for the
lot, Tommy?"

He wondered how she knew his name was
Tommy as he thrust up his grimy nose
into her face. "Please, m'm, a shilling!"

"Well, they do look a bit dead," said the
lady doubtfully, but she felt sorry for the
little boy who had tried so hard all day to
sell them. "Never mind, I will take them;
but wait till I get some change." And his
new friend hurried Tommy into a small
sweet shop close by.

"Now, little boy, will you let me have the
twelve bunches for nineteenpence, and I will
buy you some sweets with the change?"

Tommy looked at the sweets, and then at
the lady. "Please, m'm, I can't," he fal-
tered. And the shopman began counting out
the change.

"Noneuse," cried his friend, for she
knew boys never refused sweets if they
could help it. "Whyever not?"

"Please, m'm, it's mother's money," an-
swered honest Tommy, as tears of disap-
pointment came into his eyes.

"You are a good little boy," said the lady.
And she handed Tommy a shilling. "And
you shall have some sweets besides."

A minute later Tommy was running home
with a shilling in his pocket and sweets be-
sides, to tell his mother what good luck
he had had. And I think he deserved to
sell his flowers, don't you, for being so
honest?

THE TWO FRIENDS.

(By Robin.)

A bear lived in a wood, and near to his
home there was a pond, which he liked very
much, because his greatest friend was a
frog who lived in this pond, for it never
dried itself up in summer like these silly
ponds which frogs detest.

Of course, Slippery Frog—that was the
frog's name—often came, leap, leap out
of the water, and then Tangle Torpedo, the
bear, would welcome him with open arms,
which soon demolished poor Slippery, for he
was usually found under a few leaves some
distance off gasping for breath.

"Oh!" he would cry, "why do you feel so
rough, Tangle? You must be made of
pickles. Please let me sit up beside your
ear, and then I can see everything."

"Noneuse," said Tangle, "you will feel
so wet and cold, I shall get influenza."

Now Tangle was a foolish bear; strong as
he was, he turned faint at the sight of a
ladybird. But because he loved his slimy
little friend he thought he might run this
risk, so he said: "All right, perhaps you
may blub on my head, and we will go for
a promenade."

Slippery was delighted, but as frogs are
cold creatures he felt too chilly to say
"Thank you."

On their way through the wood they met
Sir Augustus Fox, who called out in a
squeaky voice, "Hallo! Mr. Tangle Torpedo,
why are you not in your motor to-day?"

"Because it has been skidding, and I
locked it up for a punishment."

"Suppose you lunch with me," said the
fox.

So they went and found some fat chick-
ens. Poor froggie was not happy, and
creaked loudly.

"What is that?" said Augustus.
"My friend Slippery," said Tangle.
"Surely you don't call a frog your friend?"
"Yes, I do," said Tangle.

Then they began to fight, and Slippery
swallowed down and ate triumphantly.

Suddenly a hound appeared, and immedi-
ately Sir Augustus ran limping away, and
Hector after him.

Tangle soon found Slippery, and they had
a happy meeting and enjoyed their walk
home.

Aunt Julia—I was awfully disappointed
to-day.

Pretty Niece—That's too bad, aunty. How
did it happen?

Aunt Julia—I started to read what I
thought was going to be a perfectly lovely
patent medicine advertisement, and it turned
out to be only a commonplace love story.
—Chicago News.

Millions of Are Called into
Teapots Daily Requisition
to Infuse

"SATARA"

Ceylon Tea Its matchless quality is known and appreciated.
Sold only in sealed lead packets—By all Grocers

Highest Award, St. Louis, 1904.

KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Jetsam, Jokes and Jingles.

THE PILOT OF THE ARMY OF MERCY.

I am the haunter of the sea that lies along
the land.

The picker of the wrecking lee, the
tracker of the sand.

The mistress of the currents' sweep, the
keeper of the ground.

The watcher of the depot deep—the pilot
outward bound.

Look, how I breast the rising sea, with
canvas snug and short.

When laden ships wear round and flee to
find a riding port;

For quick and keen the seaman's eye, and
sharp and true his ear,

Hath warned him that a gale is nigh, the
stoutest craft may fear.

I, too, behold the darkening sky with vapors
ill and form,

I hear the ocean's hollow cry—the birth-
pang of the storm.

And far astern I see the lights that star
the jagged coast.

But onward, onward, boldly fight, for I
must keep my post.

To-night the wind shall whirl the spume
From off the cresting sweep.

To-night the rootless sands shall boom
with crashes of the deep;

And mile on mile of rattling strand be
sacked, and torn, and cleft.

Where, smitten by the tempest's hand, the
wrecks are tossed and left.

Storm-worsted ships shall drive a-lee massed
in a crush of foam.

Yet I shall reach far out to sea my tressle
sheeted home.

To where huge bulks of quivering steel that
race the lashing screw

Shall check their speed and madly reel
the roaring midnight thro'

And straining eyes from bridge and nest a
constant watch shall share.

Until a spark on bursting crest—a flash—
my leaping star!

And with a cry of "Ho! Ho!" swing up and
stern the coast:

The vessel safe, for well they know the
pilot's on his post.

And when they catch against the morn my
patch of stiffened sail.

A hand-wide thing that seems to scorn the
rushes of the gale,

They'll hear away with foaming side stem
to me thro' the sea.

Until, hove-to, I luff and ride for shelter
in the lee.

My master gone, I'll square away, shake
out my reefs and fly.

With shouting howl and whistling stay,
to where the home-wards lie.

Knot after knot, beneath my run, I'll spin
across the main.

Until I ride, my duty done, all snug in
port again.

Published by courtesy of The Rudder.

HE COULD TELL.

Guest—Walter, didn't I tell you to bring
me two three-minute eggs?

Walter—Yes, sir.

Guest—Well, you got things mixed and
brought me three-week eggs.

Knew the Game.—"Aren't you carrying
things with a high hand?" "Sometimes it
is a high hand," answered the South Amer-
ican President. "And then again some-
times it's only a bluff."—Washington Star.

Johns—Mrs. Blank looks awfully tri-
vial to me; what makes you think she has
so much hard sense? Robson—I just heard
her refuse an invitation to a card party be-
cause she couldn't play cards.—Detroit
Free Press.

Tom—I thought you were on the water
wagon? Dick—I was. But high places
always make me dizzy, and I fell off.—De-
troit Free Press.

Mrs. Toddlers—"Now, don't say a woman
doesn't know how to do business. See
these five bottles of Dyspepsia Specific! Well,
the regular price is a dollar a bot-
tle, and I only gave two and a half for the
whole five!" Mr. Toddlers—"But what do
you want them for? You never had the
least touch of indigestion in your life, nor
I either!" Mrs. Toddlers—"I know, but that

is the way to ruin a family!"

On their way through the wood they met
Sir Augustus Fox, who called out in a
squeaky voice, "Hallo! Mr. Tangle Torpedo,
why are you not in your motor to-day?"

"Because it has been skidding, and I
locked it up for a punishment."

"Suppose you lunch with me," said the
fox.

So they went and found some fat chick-
ens. Poor froggie was not happy, and
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Aunt Julia—I was awfully disappointed
to-day.

Pretty Niece—That's too bad, aunty. How
did it happen?

Aunt Julia—I started to read what I
thought was going to be a perfectly lovely
patent medicine advertisement, and it turned
out to be only a commonplace love story.
—Chicago News.

Isn't the thing. See what a bargain I
got!"

Emilee—"Kate is very happy. Mr. Foster
has asked for her hand." Grace—"Let's
see, who is this Foster—a manicurist?"

"He's a popular poet." "Why, I thought
he hadn't written anything for years."

"He hasn't. That's why he's popular."—
New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Harry—"I hear you aren't going to marry
Hester, after all. What's the matter?"
Found out she doesn't love you?" Dick—
"Oh, she loves me all right, but she dis-
covered that the diamond in the engage-
ment ring I had bought was a trifle off
color. Her modesty, you know, wouldn't
permit her to accept it."

One of the features of upper-class life in
England is the number of single ladies,
sisters who live together in peace and har-
mony. Among these are the Ladies Hope;
the three Ladies Howard, aunts of Lord

Wicklow; the four Ladies Turnour, sisters
of Lord Waterford; the three Ladies
Marshall, sisters to Lord Romney; the
three Ladies Bernard, sisters to Lord Ban-
don; the three Ladies Boyle, sisters to
Lord Glasgow; and—most remarkable of all—
the eight Ladies Pratt, aunts of Lord
Camden, who form a society of their own
at "The Grove," near Sevenoaks.

Harris—"Hear the news? Steve has
gone to work for the government." Brew-
ster—"You don't mean it!" Harris—"Oh,
well, of course, you know what I mean.
He has got a government position."

Ostend—"Pa, what's an infernal ma-
chine?" Pa—"Why, a phonograph running
after midnight, my son."—Chicago Daily
News.

"Until I saw this exhibit," said D'Auber,
whose masterpieces had been rejected, "I
never realized the truth of that old saying."
"What old saying?" "The weakest must
go the wall."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Strain—"Will you be true to me while
I am gone?" "Of course—but don't be gone
long, will you, dear?"—Cleveland Leader.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors,

And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to

THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY,
MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 664.

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1880.

CHAPTER 92.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT TO THE ABOVE STATUTE
OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF
WHARF IN THE HARBOR OF VIC-
TORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation
of the City of Victoria, British Columbia,
hereby give notice, pursuant to the require-
ments of Section 5 of the above Statute,
that they have this day applied by petition
to the Governor in Council for approval of
the site, and of the plan of the wharf pro-
posed to be constructed on and over the
foreshore at the Northern termination of
Osborne street, in the City of Victoria, ac-
cording to the Official Map of the said City
of Victoria. A plan and description of the
proposed site and of the wharf to be con-
structed have been deposited in the Min-
ister of Public Works at Ottawa, and a
duplicate thereof has been deposited in the
City of Victoria, at Victoria, B. C., this
17th day of May, 1905.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Clerk of the Municipal Council of the Cor-
poration of the City of Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.

The reservation placed on the lands of
the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway
Company has now been removed, and
the lands are again open for sale. For
particulars as to town and suburban
lots, and mineral, agricultural, and
timber lands, apply at the company's
land office, Store street, Victoria, B. C.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.

FOR SALE

Set of compound surface condensing
engines and boilers complete, and suit-
able for tug or small cargo boat.

For particulars apply
J. K. REBBECK,
Board of Trade Building.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the first sit-
ting of the Annual Court of Revision of the
Municipality of the City of Victoria will
be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall,
on Wednesday, the 14th day of June, 1905,
at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of hear-
ing complaints against the assessment as
made by the Assessors, and for revising and
correcting the Assessment Roll.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., May 9th, 1905.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the
Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company
within that tract of land bounded on the
south by the south boundary of Comes
District, on the east by the Straits of
Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel,
and on the west by the boundary of the B.
& N. Railway Land Grant.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.

FOR SALE

Fine building lot's fronting New City
Park on Gorge road.

Good acreage property along Burnside
Road, and also above Gorge bridge; excel-
lent for Fruit Growing.

Valuable city lots on Yates Street and
Wharf Street, yielding a good return as an
investment.

Also two city water lots at foot of Yates
Street with 100 feet wharf and large ware-
houses.

Twenty-three acres in Esquimalt Dis-
trict fronting on Royal Road.

Seventy-nine acres fronting on Sooke
Harbor.

Excellent building lots in Esquimalt
town.

For particulars apply to
J. STUART YATES.

J. E. PAINTER,
GENERAL TEAMSTER.

WOOD AND COAL AT Current Rates

Wood cut any required length by electric
machinery. Truck and Dray work promptly
attended to.

RESIDENCE, 17 PINE ST., V. W.
Phone 452A.

OFFICE, 21 CORMORANT ST.
Phone 3593.

A. J. MALLETT,
Plumber and Steam Fitter

Gas and hot water fitting. Special at-
tention given to jobbing work.

77 YATES ST. TEL. 800A

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Carriage Maker,
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Etc.

BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA
AND JOHNSON.

WANTED—Photo-Magazine work from all
parts of the province; satisfaction guaran-
teed; send for samples; Dr. C. P. Spencer
Engraving Co., 28 Broad Street, Victoria.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RY.

Excursion Through the Gulf Islands
Saturday, June 10th

S. S. City of Nanaimo will sail from Janion
Wharf at 10 a. m. Returning will arrive
about 7 p. m.

Fare for the Round Trip Only One Dollar